discord.py Documentation

Release 0.16.12

Rapptz

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New in version 0.6.0.

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CHAPTER 1

Setting Up Logging

discord.py logs errors and debug information via the logging python module. It is strongly recommended that the logging module is configured, as no errors or warnings will be output if it is not set up. Configuration of the logging module can be as simple as:

```
import logging
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO)
```

Placed at the start of the application. This will output the logs from discord as well as other libraries that uses the logging module directly to the console.

The optional level argument specifies what level of events to log out and can any of CRITICAL, ERROR, WARNING, INFO, and DEBUG and if not specified defaults to WARNING.

More advance setups are possible with the logging module. To for example write the logs to a file called discord. log instead of outputting them to to the console the following snippet can be used:

This is recommended, especially at verbose levels such as INFO, and DEBUG as there are a lot of events logged and it would clog the stdout of your program.

For more information, check the documentation and tutorial of the logging module.

CHAPTER 2

What's New

This page keeps a detailed human friendly rendering of what's new and changed in specific versions.

2.1 v0.16.6

2.1.1 Bug Fixes

- Fix issue with <code>Client.create_server()</code> that made it stop working.
- Fix main thread being blocked upon calling StreamPlayer.stop.
- Handle HEARTBEAT_ACK and resume gracefully when it occurs.
- Fix race condition when pre-emptively rate limiting that caused releasing an already released lock.
- Fix invalid state errors when immediately cancelling a coroutine.

2.2 v0.16.1

This release is just a bug fix release with some better rate limit implementation.

2.2.1 Bug Fixes

- Servers are now properly chunked for user bots.
- The CDN URL is now used instead of the API URL for assets.
- Rate limit implementation now tries to use header information if possible.
- Event loop is now properly propagated (issue 420)
- Allow falsey values in Client.send_message() and Client.send_file().

2.3 v0.16.0

2.3.1 New Features

- Add Channel. overwrites to get all the permission overwrites of a channel.
- Add Server. features to get information about partnered servers.

2.3.2 Bug Fixes

- Timeout when waiting for offline members while triggering on_ready().
 - The fact that we did not timeout caused a gigantic memory leak in the library that caused thousands of duplicate Member instances causing big memory spikes.
- Discard null sequences in the gateway.
 - The fact these were not discarded meant that on_ready() kept being called instead of on_resumed().
 Since this has been corrected, in most cases on_ready() will be called once or twice with on_resumed() being called much more often.

2.4 v0.15.1

• Fix crash on duplicate or out of order reactions.

2.5 v0.15.0

2.5.1 New Features

- Rich Embeds for messages are now supported.
 - To do so, create your own Embed and pass the instance to the embed keyword argument to Client. send_message() or Client.edit_message().
- Add Client.clear_reactions() to remove all reactions from a message.
- Add support for MESSAGE_REACTION_REMOVE_ALL event, under on_reaction_clear().
- Add Permissions.update() and PermissionOverwrite.update() for bulk permission updates.
 - This allows you to use e.g. p.update(read_messages=True, send_messages=False) in a single line.
- Add PermissionOverwrite.is_empty() to check if the overwrite is empty (i.e. has no overwrites set explicitly as true or false).

For the command extension, the following changed:

• Context is no longer slotted to facilitate setting dynamic attributes.

2.6 v0.14.3

2.6.1 Bug Fixes

- Fix crash when dealing with MESSAGE_REACTION_REMOVE
- Fix incorrect buckets for reactions.

2.7 v0.14.2

2.7.1 New Features

- Client.wait_for_reaction() now returns a namedtuple with reaction and user attributes.
 - This is for better support in the case that None is returned since tuple unpacking can lead to issues.

2.7.2 Bug Fixes

• Fix bug that disallowed None to be passed for emoji parameter in Client.wait_for_reaction().

2.8 v0.14.1

2.8.1 Bug fixes

- Fix bug with Reaction not being visible at import.
 - This was also breaking the documentation.

2.9 v0.14.0

This update adds new API features and a couple of bug fixes.

2.9.1 New Features

- Add support for Manage Webhooks permission under Permissions.manage_webhooks
- Add support for around argument in 3.5+ Client.logs_from().
- · Add support for reactions.
 - Client.add_reaction() to add a reactions
 - Client.remove_reaction() to remove a reaction.
 - Client.get_reaction_users() to get the users that reacted to a message.
 - Permissions.add_reactions permission bit support.
 - Two new events, on_reaction_add() and on_reaction_remove().
 - Message.reactions to get reactions from a message.

2.6. v0.14.3

- Client.wait_for_reaction() to wait for a reaction from a user.

2.9.2 Bug Fixes

- Fix bug with Paginator still allowing lines that are too long.
- Fix the Permissions.manage emojis bit being incorrect.

2.10 v0.13.0

This is a backwards compatible update with new features.

2.10.1 New Features

- Add the ability to manage emojis.
 - Client.create_custom_emoji() to create new emoji.
 - Client.edit_custom_emoji() to edit an old emoji.
 - Client.delete_custom_emoji() to delete a custom emoji.
- Add new Permissions.manage_emojis toggle.
 - This applies for PermissionOverwrite as well.
- Add new statuses for Status.
 - Status.dnd (aliased with Status.do_not_disturb) for Do Not Disturb.
 - Status.invisible for setting your status to invisible (please see the docs for a caveat).
- Deprecate Client.change_status()
 - Use Client.change_presence() instead for better more up to date functionality.
 - This method is subject for removal in a future API version.
- Add Client.change_presence() for changing your status with the new Discord API change.
 - This is the only method that allows changing your status to invisible or do not disturb.

2.10.2 Bug Fixes

- Paginator pages do not exceed their max_size anymore (issue 340)
- Do Not Disturb users no longer show up offline due to the new Status changes.

2.11 v0.12.0

This is a bug fix update that also comes with new features.

2.11.1 New Features

- Add custom emoji support.
 - Adds a new class to represent a custom Emoji named Emoji
 - Adds a utility generator function, Client.get_all_emojis().
 - Adds a list of emojis on a server, Server.emojis.
 - Adds a new event, on_server_emojis_update().
- Add new server regions to ServerRegion
 - ServerRegion.eu central and ServerRegion.eu west.
- Add support for new pinned system message under MessageType.pins_add.
- Add order comparisons for Role to allow it to be compared with regards to hierarchy.
 - This means that you can now do role_a > role_b etc to check if role_b is lower in the hierarchy.
- Add Server.role_hierarchy to get the server's role hierarchy.
- Add Member.server_permissions to get a member's server permissions without their channel specific overwrites.
- Add Client.get_user_info() to retrieve a user's info from their ID.
- Add a new Player property, Player.error to fetch the error that stopped the player.
 - To help with this change, a player's after function can now take a single parameter denoting the current player.
- Add support for server verification levels.
 - Adds a new enum called VerificationLevel.
 - This enum can be used in Client.edit_server() under the verification_level keyword argument.
 - Adds a new attribute in the server, Server. verification level.
- Add Server.voice client shortcut property for Client.voice client in().
 - This is technically old (was added in v0.10.0) but was undocumented until v0.12.0.

For the command extension, the following are new:

- Add custom emoji converter.
- All default converters that can take IDs can now convert via ID.
- Add coroutine support for Bot.command_prefix.
- Add a method to reset command cooldown.

2.11.2 Bug Fixes

- Fix bug that caused the library to not work with the latest websockets library.
- Fix bug that leaked keep alive threads (issue 309)
- Fix bug that disallowed ServerRegion from being used in Client.edit_server().
- Fix bug in Channel.permissions_for () that caused permission resolution to happen out of order.

2.11. v0.12.0 9

• Fix bug in Member. top_role that did not account for same-position roles.

2.12 v0.11.0

This is a minor bug fix update that comes with a gateway update $(v5 \rightarrow v6)$.

2.12.1 Breaking Changes

• Permissions.change_nicknames has been renamed to Permissions.change_nickname to match the UI.

2.12.2 New Features

- Add the ability to prune members via Client.prune_members().
- Switch the websocket gateway version to v6 from v5. This allows the library to work with group DMs and 1-on-1 calls.
- Add AppInfo.owner attribute.
- Add CallMessage for group voice call messages.
- Add *GroupCall* for group voice call information.
- Add Message.system_content to get the system message.
- Add the remaining VIP servers and the Brazil servers into ServerRegion enum.
- $\bullet \ \ Add \ stderr \ argument \ to \ \textit{VoiceClient.create_ffmpeg_player()} \ to \ redirect \ stderr.$
- The library now handles implicit permission resolution in Channel.permissions for ().
- Add Server.mfa_level to query a server's 2FA requirement.
- Add Permissions.external_emojis permission.
- Add Member.voice attribute that refers to a VoiceState.
 - For backwards compatibility, the member object will have properties mirroring the old behaviour.

For the command extension, the following are new:

- Command cooldown system with the cooldown decorator.
- UserInputError exception for the hierarchy for user input related errors.

2.12.3 Bug Fixes

- Client.email is now saved when using a token for user accounts.
- Fix issue when removing roles out of order.
- Fix bug where discriminators would not update.
- Handle cases where HEARTBEAT opcode is received. This caused bots to disconnect seemingly randomly.

For the command extension, the following bug fixes apply:

• Bot . check decorator is actually a decorator not requiring parentheses.

- Bot.remove_command and Group.remove_command no longer throw if the command doesn't exist.
- Command names are no longer forced to be lower ().
- Fix a bug where Member and User converters failed to work in private message contexts.
- HelpFormatter now ignores hidden commands when deciding the maximum width.

2.13 v0.10.0

For breaking changes, see *Migrating to v0.10.0*. The breaking changes listed there will not be enumerated below. Since this version is rather a big departure from v0.9.2, this change log will be non-exhaustive.

2.13.1 New Features

- The library is now fully asyncio compatible, allowing you to write non-blocking code a lot more easily.
- The library now fully handles 429s and unconditionally retries on 502s.
- A new command extension module was added but is currently undocumented. Figuring it out is left as an
 exercise to the reader.
- Two new exception types, Forbidden and NotFound to denote permission errors or 404 errors.
- Added Client.delete_invite() to revoke invites.
- Added support for sending voice. Check VoiceClient for more details.
- Added Client.wait_for_message() coroutine to aid with follow up commands.
- Added version_info named tuple to check version info of the library.
- Login credentials are now cached to have a faster login experience. You can disable this by passing in cache_auth=False when constructing a <code>Client</code>.
- New utility function, discord.utils.get() to simplify retrieval of items based on attributes.
- All data classes now support !=, ==, hash (obj) and str (obj).
- Added Client.get_bans() to get banned members from a server.
- Added Client.invites_from() to get currently active invites in a server.
- Added Server.me attribute to get the Member version of Client.user.
- Most data classes now support a hash (obj) function to allow you to use them in set or dict classes or subclasses.
- Add Message.clean_content() to get a text version of the content with the user and channel mentioned changed into their names.
- Added a way to remove the messages of the user that just got banned in Client.ban().
- Added Client.wait_until_ready() to facilitate easy creation of tasks that require the client cache to be ready.
- Added Client.wait_until_login() to facilitate easy creation of tasks that require the client to be logged in.
- Add discord. Game to represent any game with custom text to send to Client.change_status().
- Add Message.nonce attribute.

2.13. v0.10.0

- Add Member.permissions_in() as another way of doing Channel.permissions_for().
- Add Client.move member () to move a member to another voice channel.
- You can now create a server via Client.create_server().
- Added Client.edit_server() to edit existing servers.
- Added Client.server voice state() to server mute or server deafen a member.
- If you are being rate limited, the library will now handle it for you.
- Add on_member_ban() and on_member_unban() events that trigger when a member is banned/unbanned.

2.13.2 Performance Improvements

- All data classes now use __slots__ which greatly reduce the memory usage of things kept in cache.
- Due to the usage of asyncio, the CPU usage of the library has gone down significantly.
- A lot of the internal cache lists were changed into dictionaries to change the ○(n) lookup into ○(1).
- Compressed READY is now on by default. This means if you're on a lot of servers (or maybe even a few) you would receive performance improvements by having to download and process less data.
- While minor, change regex from d+ to [0-9] + to avoid unnecessary unicode character lookups.

2.13.3 Bug Fixes

- Fix bug where guilds being updated did not edit the items in cache.
- Fix bug where member.roles were empty upon joining instead of having the @everyone role.
- Fix bug where Role.is_everyone() was not being set properly when the role was being edited.
- Client.logs_from() now handles cases where limit > 100 to sidestep the discord API limitation.
- Fix bug where a role being deleted would trigger a ValueError.
- Fix bug where Permissions.kick_members() and Permissions.ban_members() were flipped.
- Mentions are now triggered normally. This was changed due to the way discord handles it internally.
- Fix issue when a Message would attempt to upgrade a Message. server when the channel is a Object.
- Unavailable servers were not being added into cache, this has been corrected.

CHAPTER 3

Migrating to v0.10.0

v0.10.0 is one of the biggest breaking changes in the library due to massive fundamental changes in how the library operates.

The biggest major change is that the library has dropped support to all versions prior to Python 3.4.2. This was made to support asyncio, in which more detail can be seen in the corresponding issue. To reiterate this, the implication is that **python version 2.7 and 3.3 are no longer supported**.

Below are all the other major changes from v0.9.0 to v0.10.0.

3.1 Event Registration

All events before were registered using <code>Client.event()</code>. While this is still possible, the events must be decorated with <code>@asyncio.coroutine</code>.

Before:

```
@client.event
def on_message(message):
    pass
```

After:

```
@client.event
@asyncio.coroutine
def on_message(message):
    pass
```

Or in Python 3.5+:

```
@client.event
async def on_message(message):
    pass
```

Because there is a lot of typing, a utility decorator (Client.async_event()) is provided for easier registration. For example:

```
@client.async_event
def on_message(message):
    pass
```

Be aware however, that this is still a coroutine and your other functions that are coroutines must be decorated with @asyncio.coroutine or be async def.

3.2 Event Changes

Some events in v0.9.0 were considered pretty useless due to having no separate states. The main events that were changed were the <u>update</u> events since previously they had no context on what was changed.

Before:

```
def on_channel_update(channel): pass
def on_member_update(member): pass
def on_status(member): pass
def on_server_role_update(role): pass
def on_voice_state_update(member): pass
def on_socket_raw_send(payload, is_binary): pass
```

After:

```
def on_channel_update(before, after): pass
def on_member_update(before, after): pass
def on_server_role_update(before, after): pass
def on_voice_state_update(before, after): pass
def on_socket_raw_send(payload): pass
```

Note that on_status was removed. If you want its functionality, use on_member_update(). See Event Reference for more information. Other removed events include on_socket_closed, on_socket_receive, and on_socket_opened.

3.3 Coroutines

The biggest change that the library went through is that almost every function in *Client* was changed to be a coroutine. Functions that are marked as a coroutine in the documentation must be awaited from or yielded from in order for the computation to be done. For example...

Before:

```
client.send_message(message.channel, 'Hello')
```

After:

```
yield from client.send_message(message.channel, 'Hello')
# or in python 3.5+
await client.send_message(message.channel, 'Hello')
```

In order for you to yield from or await a coroutine then your function must be decorated with @asyncio.coroutine or async def.

3.4 Iterables

For performance reasons, many of the internal data structures were changed into a dictionary to support faster lookup. As a consequence, this meant that some lists that were exposed via the API have changed into iterables and not sequences. In short, this means that certain attributes now only support iteration and not any of the sequence functions.

The affected attributes are as follows:

- Client.servers
- Client.private_channels
- Server.channels
- Server.members

Some examples of previously valid behaviour that is now invalid

```
if client.servers[0].name == "test":
    # do something
```

Since they are no longer lists, they no longer support indexing or any operation other than iterating. In order to get the old behaviour you should explicitly cast it to a list.

```
servers = list(client.servers)
# work with servers
```

Warning: Due to internal changes of the structure, the order you receive the data in is not in a guaranteed order.

3.5 Enumerations

Due to dropping support for versions lower than Python 3.4.2, the library can now use enumerations in places where it makes sense.

The common places where this was changed was in the server region, member status, and channel type.

Before:

```
server.region == 'us-west'
member.status == 'online'
channel.type == 'text'
```

After:

```
server.region == discord.ServerRegion.us_west
member.status = discord.Status.online
channel.type == discord.ChannelType.text
```

The main reason for this change was to reduce the use of finicky strings in the API as this could give users a false sense of power. More information can be found in the *Enumerations* page.

3.4. Iterables

3.6 Properties

A lot of function calls that returned constant values were changed into Python properties for ease of use in format strings.

The following functions were changed into properties:

Before	After
User.avatar_url()	User.avatar_url
User.mention()	User.mention
Channel.mention()	Channel.mention
Channel.is_default_channel()	Channel.is_default
Role.is_everyone()	Role.is_everyone
Server.get_default_role()	Server.default_role
Server.icon_url()	Server.icon_url
Server.get_default_channel()	Server.default_channel
Message.get_raw_mentions()	Message.raw_mentions
Message.get_raw_channel_mentions()	Message.raw_channel_mentions

3.7 Member Management

Functions that involved banning and kicking were changed.

Before	After
Client.ban(server, user)	Client.ban(member)
Client.kick(server, user)	Client.kick(member)

3.8 Renamed Functions

Functions have been renamed.

Before	After
Client.set_channel_permissions	<pre>Client.edit_channel_permissions()</pre>

All the *Permissions* related attributes have been renamed and the *can_* prefix has been dropped. So for example, can_manage_messages has become manage_messages.

3.9 Forced Keyword Arguments

Since 3.0+ of Python, we can now force questions to take in forced keyword arguments. A keyword argument is when you explicitly specify the name of the variable and assign to it, for example: foo(name='test'). Due to this support, some functions in the library were changed to force things to take said keyword arguments. This is to reduce errors of knowing the argument order and the issues that could arise from them.

The following parameters are now exclusively keyword arguments:

• Client.send_message()

In the documentation you can tell if a function parameter is a forced keyword argument if it is after $**$, in the function signature.

3.10 Running the Client

In earlier versions of discord.py, client.run() was a blocking call to the main thread that called it. In v0.10.0 it is still a blocking call but it handles the event loop for you. However, in order to do that you must pass in your credentials to Client.run().

Basically, before:

```
client.login('token')
client.run()
```

After:

```
client.run('token')
```

Warning: Like in the older Client.run function, the newer one must be the one of the last functions to call. This is because the function is **blocking**. Registering events or doing anything after *Client.run()* will not execute until the function returns.

This is a utility function that abstracts the event loop for you. There's no need for the run call to be blocking and out of your control. Indeed, if you want control of the event loop then doing so is quite straightforward:

```
import discord
import asyncio

client = discord.Client()

@asyncio.coroutine
def main_task():
    yield from client.login('token')
    yield from client.connect()

loop = asyncio.get_event_loop()
try:
    loop.run_until_complete(main_task())
except:
    loop.run_until_complete(client.logout())
finally:
    loop.close()
```

CHAPTER 4

API Reference

The following section outlines the API of discord.py.

Note: This module uses the Python logging module to log diagnostic and errors in an output independent way. If the logging module is not configured, these logs will not be output anywhere. See *Setting Up Logging* for more information on how to set up and use the logging module with discord.py.

4.1 Version Related Info

There are two main ways to query version information about the library.

${\tt discord.version_info}$

A named tuple that is similar to sys.version_info.

Just like sys.version_info the valid values for releaselevel are 'alpha', 'beta', 'candidate' and 'final'.

```
discord. version
```

A string representation of the version. e.g. '0.10.0-alpha0'.

4.2 Client

```
class discord.Client(*, loop=None, **options)
```

Represents a client connection that connects to Discord. This class is used to interact with the Discord Web-Socket and API.

A number of options can be passed to the Client.

Parameters

- max_messages (Optional[int]) The maximum number of messages to store in messages. This defaults to 5000. Passing in *None* or a value less than 100 will use the default instead of the passed in value.
- **loop** (Optional[event loop]) The event loop to use for asynchronous operations. Defaults to None, in which case the default event loop is used via asyncio. get_event_loop().
- **cache_auth** (Optional[bool]) Indicates if login() should cache the authentication tokens. Defaults to True. The method in which the cache is written is done by writing to disk to a temporary directory.
- **connector** (aiohttp.BaseConnector) The connector to use for connection pooling. Useful for proxies, e.g. with a ProxyConnector.
- **shard_id** (Optional[int]) Integer starting at 0 and less than shard_count.
- **shard_count** (Optional[int]) The total number of shards.

user

Optional[*User*] – Represents the connected client. None if not logged in.

voice_clients

iterable of VoiceClient - Represents a list of voice connections. To connect to voice use <code>join_voice_channel()</code>. To query the voice connection state use <code>is_voice_connected()</code>.

servers

iterable of Server – The servers that the connected client is a member of.

private channels

iterable of PrivateChannel - The private channels that the connected client is participating on.

messages

A deque of *Message* that the client has received from all servers and private messages. The number of messages stored in this deque is controlled by the max_messages parameter.

email

The email used to login. This is only set if login is successful, otherwise it's None.

ws

The websocket gateway the client is currently connected to. Could be None.

loop

The event loop that the client uses for HTTP requests and websocket operations.

```
on_error (event_method, *args, **kwargs)
```

This function is a *coroutine*.

The default error handler provided by the client.

By default this prints to sys.stderr however it could be overridden to have a different implementation. Check <code>discord.on_error()</code> for more details.

```
login(*args, **kwargs)
```

This function is a coroutine.

Logs in the client with the specified credentials.

This function can be used in two different ways.

```
await client.login('token')
# or
```

```
await client.login('email', 'password')
```

More than 2 parameters or less than 1 parameter raises a TypeError.

Parameters bot (bool) – Keyword argument that specifies if the account logging on is a bot token or not. Only useful for logging in with a static token. Ignored for the email and password combo. Defaults to True.

Raises

- LoginFailure The wrong credentials are passed.
- HTTPException An unknown HTTP related error occurred, usually when it isn't 200 or the known incorrect credentials passing status code.
- TypeError The incorrect number of parameters is passed.

logout()

This function is a coroutine.

Logs out of Discord and closes all connections.

connect()

This function is a *coroutine*.

Creates a websocket connection and lets the websocket listen to messages from discord.

Raises

- GatewayNotFound If the gateway to connect to discord is not found. Usually if this is thrown then there is a discord API outage.
- ConnectionClosed The websocket connection has been terminated.

close()

This function is a *coroutine*.

Closes the connection to discord.

```
start (*args, **kwargs)
```

This function is a *coroutine*.

A shorthand coroutine for login() + connect().

```
run (*args, **kwargs)
```

A blocking call that abstracts away the event loop initialisation from you.

If you want more control over the event loop then this function should not be used. Use start() coroutine or connect() + login().

Roughly Equivalent to:

```
try:
    loop.run_until_complete(start(*args, **kwargs))
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    loop.run_until_complete(logout())
    # cancel all tasks lingering
finally:
    loop.close()
```

4.2. Client 21

Warning: This function must be the last function to call due to the fact that it is blocking. That means that registration of events or anything being called after this function call will not execute until it returns.

is_logged_in

bool – Indicates if the client has logged in successfully.

is_closed

bool - Indicates if the websocket connection is closed.

get_channel (id)

Returns a Channel or PrivateChannel with the following ID. If not found, returns None.

get_server (id)

Returns a Server with the given ID. If not found, returns None.

get_all_emojis()

Returns a generator with every *Emoji* the client can see.

get all channels()

A generator that retrieves every Channel the client can 'access'.

This is equivalent to:

```
for server in client.servers:
    for channel in server.channels:
        yield channel
```

Note: Just because you receive a *Channel* does not mean that you can communicate in said channel. *Channel.permissions_for()* should be used for that.

get_all_members()

Returns a generator with every Member the client can see.

This is equivalent to:

```
for server in client.servers:
    for member in server.members:
        yield member
```

wait_until_ready()

This function is a coroutine.

This coroutine waits until the client is all ready. This could be considered another way of asking for <code>discord.on_ready()</code> except meant for your own background tasks.

wait_until_login()

This function is a *coroutine*.

This coroutine waits until the client is logged on successfully. This is different from waiting until the client's state is all ready. For that check <code>discord.on_ready()</code> and <code>wait_until_ready()</code>.

wait_for_message (timeout=None, *, author=None, channel=None, content=None, check=None)
This function is a coroutine.

Waits for a message reply from Discord. This could be seen as another <code>discord.on_message()</code> event outside of the actual event. This could also be used for follow-ups and easier user interactions.

The keyword arguments passed into this function are combined using the logical and operator. The check keyword argument can be used to pass in more complicated checks and must be a regular function (not a coroutine).

The timeout parameter is passed into asyncio.wait_for. By default, it does not timeout. Instead of throwing asyncio.TimeoutError the coroutine catches the exception and returns None instead of a *Message*.

If the check predicate throws an exception, then the exception is propagated.

This function returns the **first message that meets the requirements**.

Examples

Basic example:

```
@client.event
async def on_message(message):
   if message.content.startswith('$greet'):
        await client.send_message(message.channel, 'Say hello')
        msg = await client.wait_for_message(author=message.author, content=
    'hello')
        await client.send_message(message.channel, 'Hello.')
```

Asking for a follow-up question:

Advanced filters using check:

Parameters

• timeout (float) - The number of seconds to wait before returning None.

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- author (Member or User) The author the message must be from.
- channel (Channel or PrivateChannel or Object) The channel the message must be from.
- **content** (str) The exact content the message must have.
- check (function) A predicate for other complicated checks. The predicate must take a Message as its only parameter.

Returns The message that you requested for.

Return type Message

wait_for_reaction (emoji=None, *, user=None, timeout=None, message=None, check=None)
This function is a coroutine.

Waits for a message reaction from Discord. This is similar to <code>wait_for_message()</code> and could be seen as another <code>on_reaction_add()</code> event outside of the actual event. This could be used for follow up situations.

Similar to $wait_for_message()$, the keyword arguments are combined using logical AND operator. The check keyword argument can be used to pass in more complicated checks and must a regular function taking in two arguments, (reaction, user). It must not be a coroutine.

The timeout parameter is passed into asyncio.wait_for. By default, it does not timeout. Instead of throwing asyncio.TimeoutError the coroutine catches the exception and returns None instead of a the (reaction, user) tuple.

If the check predicate throws an exception, then the exception is propagated.

The emoji parameter can be either a *Emoji*, a str representing an emoji, or a sequence of either type. If the emoji parameter is a sequence then the first reaction emoji that is in the list is returned. If None is passed then the first reaction emoji used is returned.

This function returns the **first reaction that meets the requirements**.

Examples

Basic Example:

Checking for reaction emoji regardless of skin tone:

Parameters

- timeout (float) The number of seconds to wait before returning None.
- user (Member or User) The user the reaction must be from.
- **emoji** (str or *Emoji* or sequence) The emoji that we are waiting to react with.
- message (Message) The message that we want the reaction to be from.
- **check** (function) A predicate for other complicated checks. The predicate must take (reaction, user) as its two parameters, which reaction being a Reaction and user being either a User or a Member.

Returns A namedtuple with attributes reaction and user similar to $on_reaction_add()$.

Return type namedtuple

```
event (coro)
```

A decorator that registers an event to listen to.

You can find more info about the events on the documentation below.

The events must be a *coroutine*, if not, *ClientException* is raised.

Examples

Using the basic event () decorator:

```
@client.event
@asyncio.coroutine
def on_ready():
    print('Ready!')
```

Saving characters by using the <code>async_event()</code> decorator:

```
@client.async_event
def on_ready():
    print('Ready!')
```

async_event (coro)

A shorthand decorator for asyncio.coroutine + event().

start_private_message(user)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Starts a private message with the user. This allows you to <code>send_message()</code> to the user.

Note: This method should rarely be called as <code>send_message()</code> does it automatically for you.

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Parameters user (*User*) – The user to start the private message with.

Raises

- HTTPException The request failed.
- InvalidArgument The user argument was not of User.

add_reaction (message, emoji)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Add a reaction to the given message.

The message must be a Message that exists. emoji may be a unicode emoji, or a custom server Emoji.

Parameters

- message (Message) The message to react to.
- emoji (Emoji or str) The emoji to react with.

Raises

- HTTPException Adding the reaction failed.
- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to react to the message.
- NotFound The message or emoji you specified was not found.
- InvalidArgument The message or emoji parameter is invalid.

remove_reaction (message, emoji, member)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Remove a reaction by the member from the given message.

If member != server.me, you need Manage Messages to remove the reaction.

The message must be a Message that exists. emoji may be a unicode emoji, or a custom server Emoji.

Parameters

- message (Message) The message.
- emoji (*Emoji* or str) The emoji to remove.
- **member** (*Member*) The member for which to delete the reaction.

Raises

- HTTPException Removing the reaction failed.
- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to remove the reaction.
- NotFound The message or emoji you specified was not found.
- InvalidArgument The message or emoji parameter is invalid.

get_reaction_users (reaction, limit=100, after=None)

This function is a coroutine.

Get the users that added a reaction to a message.

Parameters

- reaction (Reaction) The reaction to retrieve users for.
- limit (int) The maximum number of results to return.
- **after** (Member or Object) For pagination, reactions are sorted by member.

Raises

- HTTPException Getting the users for the reaction failed.
- NotFound The message or emoji you specified was not found.
- InvalidArgument The reaction parameter is invalid.

clear reactions (message)

This function is a coroutine.

Removes all the reactions from a given message.

You need Manage Messages permission to use this.

Parameters message (*Message*) – The message to remove all reactions from.

Raises

- HTTPException Removing the reactions failed.
- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to remove all the reactions.

send_message (destination, content=None, *, tts=False, embed=None)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Sends a message to the destination given with the content given.

The destination could be a <code>Channel</code>, <code>PrivateChannel</code> or <code>Server</code>. For convenience it could also be a <code>User</code>. If it's a <code>User</code> or <code>PrivateChannel</code> then it sends the message via private message, otherwise it sends the message to the channel. If the destination is a <code>Server</code> then it's equivalent to calling <code>Server</code>. <code>default_channel</code> and sending it there.

If it is a *Object* instance then it is assumed to be the destination ID. The destination ID is a *channel* so passing in a user ID will not be a valid destination.

Changed in version 0.9.0: str being allowed was removed and replaced with Object.

The content must be a type that can convert to a string through str(content). If the content is set to None (the default), then the embed parameter must be provided.

If the embed parameter is provided, it must be of type *Embed* and it must be a rich embed type.

Parameters

- **destination** The location to send the message.
- **content** The content of the message to send. If this is missing, then the embed parameter must be present.
- **tts** (bool) Indicates if the message should be sent using text-to-speech.
- **embed** (*Embed*) The rich embed for the content.

Raises

- HTTPException Sending the message failed.
- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to send the message.
- NotFound The destination was not found and hence is invalid.
- InvalidArgument The destination parameter is invalid.

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Examples

Sending a regular message:

```
await client.send_message(message.channel, 'Hello')
```

Sending a TTS message:

```
await client.send_message(message.channel, 'Goodbye.', tts=True)
```

Sending an embed message:

Returns The message that was sent.

Return type Message

send_typing (destination)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Send a *typing* status to the destination.

Typing status will go away after 10 seconds, or after a message is sent.

The destination parameter follows the same rules as <code>send_message()</code>.

Parameters destination – The location to send the typing update.

```
send_file (destination, fp, *, filename=None, content=None, tts=False)
```

This function is a *coroutine*.

Sends a message to the destination given with the file given.

The destination parameter follows the same rules as <code>send_message()</code>.

The fp parameter should be either a string denoting the location for a file or a *file-like object*. The *file-like object* passed is **not closed** at the end of execution. You are responsible for closing it yourself.

Note: If the file-like object passed is opened via open then the modes 'rb' should be used.

The filename parameter is the filename of the file. If this is not given then it defaults to fp.name or if fp is a string then the filename will default to the string given. You can overwrite this value by passing this in.

Parameters

- **destination** The location to send the message.
- **fp** The *file-like object* or file path to send.
- **filename** (str) The filename of the file. Defaults to fp. name if it's available.
- **content** The content of the message to send along with the file. This is forced into a string by a str (content) call.
- **tts** (bool) If the content of the message should be sent with TTS enabled.

Raises HTTPException – Sending the file failed.

Returns The message sent.

Return type Message

delete_message (message)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Deletes a Message.

Your own messages could be deleted without any proper permissions. However to delete other people's messages, you need the proper permissions to do so.

Parameters message (Message) – The message to delete.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have proper permissions to delete the message.
- HTTPException Deleting the message failed.

delete_messages (messages)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Deletes a list of messages. This is similar to delete_message() except it bulk deletes multiple messages.

The channel to check where the message is deleted from is handled via the first element of the iterable's .channel.id attributes. If the channel is not consistent throughout the entire sequence, then an <code>HTTPException</code> will be raised.

Usable only by bot accounts.

Parameters messages (iterable of *Message*) – An iterable of messages denoting which ones to bulk delete.

Raises

- ClientException The number of messages to delete is less than 2 or more than 100.
- Forbidden You do not have proper permissions to delete the messages or you're not using a bot account.
- HTTPException Deleting the messages failed.

 $\verb"purge_from" (channel, *, limit=100, check=None, before=None, after=None, around=None)"$

This function is a *coroutine*.

Purges a list of messages that meet the criteria given by the predicate check. If a check is not provided then all messages are deleted without discrimination.

You must have Manage Messages permission to delete messages even if they are your own. The Read Message History permission is also needed to retrieve message history.

Usable only by bot accounts.

Parameters

- **channel** (*Channel*) The channel to purge from.
- **limit** (*int*) The number of messages to search through. This is not the number of messages that will be deleted, though it can be.
- **check** (*predicate*) The function used to check if a message should be deleted. It must take a *Message* as its sole parameter.

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- **before** (*Message* or *datetime*) The message or date before which all deleted messages must be. If a date is provided it must be a timezone-naive datetime representing UTC time.
- **after** (*Message* or *datetime*) The message or date after which all deleted messages must be. If a date is provided it must be a timezone-naive datetime representing UTC time.
- **around** (*Message* or *datetime*) The message or date around which all deleted messages must be. If a date is provided it must be a timezone-naive datetime representing UTC time.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have proper permissions to do the actions required or you're not using a bot account.
- HTTPException Purging the messages failed.

Examples

Deleting bot's messages

Returns The list of messages that were deleted.

Return type list

```
edit_message (message, new_content=None, *, embed=None)
```

This function is a *coroutine*.

Edits a Message with the new message content.

The new_content must be able to be transformed into a string via str(new_content).

If the new_content is not provided, then embed must be provided, which must be of type Embed.

The Message object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Parameters

- message (Message) The message to edit.
- **new_content** The new content to replace the message with.
- **embed** (*Embed*) The new embed to replace the original embed with.

Raises HTTPException - Editing the message failed.

Returns The new edited message.

Return type Message

```
get_message (channel, id)
```

This function is a *coroutine*.

Retrieves a single Message from a Channel.

This can only be used by bot accounts.

Parameters

- **channel** (Channel or PrivateChannel) The text channel to retrieve the message from.
- id(str) The message ID to look for.

Returns The message asked for.

Return type Message

Raises

- *NotFound* The specified channel or message was not found.
- Forbidden You do not have the permissions required to get a message.
- HTTPException Retrieving the message failed.

pin_message (message)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Pins a message. You must have Manage Messages permissions to do this in a non-private channel context.

Parameters message (Message) - The message to pin.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to pin the message.
- NotFound The message or channel was not found.
- HTTPException Pinning the message failed, probably due to the channel having more than 50 pinned messages.

unpin_message(message)

This function is a coroutine.

Unpins a message. You must have Manage Messages permissions to do this in a non-private channel context.

Parameters message (Message) – The message to unpin.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to unpin the message.
- NotFound The message or channel was not found.
- HTTPException Unpinning the message failed.

pins_from(channel)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Returns a list of Message that are currently pinned for the specified Channel or PrivateChannel.

Parameters channel (Channel or PrivateChannel) - The channel to look through pins for.

Raises

- NotFound The channel was not found.
- HTTPException Retrieving the pinned messages failed.

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logs_from(channel, limit=100, *, before=None, after=None, around=None, reverse=False)
This function is a coroutine.

This coroutine returns a generator that obtains logs from a specified channel.

Parameters

- channel (Channel or PrivateChannel) The channel to obtain the logs from.
- limit (int) The number of messages to retrieve.
- **before** (*Message* or *datetime*) The message or date before which all returned messages must be. If a date is provided it must be a timezone-naive datetime representing UTC time.
- **after** (*Message* or *datetime*) The message or date after which all returned messages must be. If a date is provided it must be a timezone-naive datetime representing UTC time.
- **around** (*Message* or *datetime*) The message or date around which all returned messages must be. If a date is provided it must be a timezone-naive datetime representing UTC time.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to get channel logs.
- NotFound The channel you are requesting for doesn't exist.
- *HTTPException* The request to get logs failed.

Yields Message – The message with the message data parsed.

Examples

Basic logging:

```
logs = yield from client.logs_from(channel)
for message in logs:
    if message.content.startswith('!hello'):
        if message.author == client.user:
            yield from client.edit_message(message, 'goodbye')
```

Python 3.5 Usage

```
counter = 0
async for message in client.logs_from(channel, limit=500):
   if message.author == client.user:
        counter += 1
```

request_offline_members (server)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Requests previously offline members from the server to be filled up into the Server.members cache. This function is usually not called.

When the client logs on and connects to the websocket, Discord does not provide the library with offline members if the number of members in the server is larger than 250. You can check if a server is large if Server.large is True.

Parameters server (Server or iterable) – The server to request offline members for. If this parameter is a iterable then it is interpreted as an iterator of servers to request offline members for.

kick (member)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Kicks a Member from the server they belong to.

Warning: This function kicks the *Member* based on the server it belongs to, which is accessed via *Member.server*. So you must have the proper permissions in that server.

Parameters member (Member) – The member to kick from their server.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to kick.
- HTTPException Kicking failed.

ban (member, delete_message_days=1)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Bans a Member from the server they belong to.

Warning: This function bans the *Member* based on the server it belongs to, which is accessed via *Member.server*. So you must have the proper permissions in that server.

Parameters

- member (Member) The member to ban from their server.
- **delete_message_days** (*int*) The number of days worth of messages to delete from the user in the server. The minimum is 0 and the maximum is 7.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to ban.
- HTTPException Banning failed.

unban (server, user)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Unbans a *User* from the server they are banned from.

Parameters

- **server** (*Server*) The server to unban the user from.
- user(User) The user to unban.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to unban.
- HTTPException Unbanning failed.

server_voice_state (member, *, mute=None, deafen=None)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Server mutes or deafens a specific Member.

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Warning: This function mutes or un-deafens the *Member* based on the server it belongs to, which is accessed via *Member.server*. So you must have the proper permissions in that server.

Parameters

- member (Member) The member to unban from their server.
- mute (Optional[bool]) Indicates if the member should be server muted or unmuted.
- deafen (Optional[bool]) Indicates if the member should be server deafened or un-deafened.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to deafen or mute.
- HTTPException The operation failed.

edit_profile (password=None, **fields)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Edits the current profile of the client.

If a bot account is used then the password field is optional, otherwise it is required.

The Client.user object is not modified directly afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Note: To upload an avatar, a *bytes-like object* must be passed in that represents the image being uploaded. If this is done through a file then the file must be opened via open ('some_filename', 'rb') and the *bytes-like object* is given through the use of fp.read().

The only image formats supported for uploading is JPEG and PNG.

Parameters

- password (str) The current password for the client's account. Not used for bot accounts.
- new_password (str) The new password you wish to change to.
- email (str) The new email you wish to change to.
- **username** (*str*) The new username you wish to change to.
- **avatar** (bytes) A bytes-like object representing the image to upload. Could be None to denote no avatar.

Raises

- HTTPException Editing your profile failed.
- *InvalidArgument* Wrong image format passed for avatar.
- ClientException Password is required for non-bot accounts.

change_status (game=None, idle=False)

This function is a coroutine.

Changes the client's status.

The game parameter is a Game object (not a string) that represents a game being played currently.

The idle parameter is a boolean parameter that indicates whether the client should go idle or not.

Deprecated since version v0.13.0: Use change_presence() instead.

Parameters

- game (Optional[Game]) The game being played. None if no game is being played.
- idle (bool) Indicates if the client should go idle.

Raises InvalidArgument - If the game parameter is not Game or None.

change_presence (*, game=None, status=None, afk=False)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Changes the client's presence.

The game parameter is a Game object (not a string) that represents a game being played currently.

Parameters

- game (Optional[Game]) The game being played. None if no game is being played.
- **status** (Optional[Status]) Indicates what status to change to. If None, then Status.online is used.
- **afk** (bool) Indicates if you are going AFK. This allows the discord client to know how to handle push notifications better for you in case you are actually idle and not lying.

Raises InvalidArgument – If the game parameter is not Game or None.

change_nickname (member, nickname)

This function is a coroutine.

Changes a member's nickname.

You must have the proper permissions to change someone's (or your own) nickname.

Parameters

- member (Member) The member to change the nickname for.
- nickname (Optional[str]) The nickname to change it to. None to remove the nickname.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to change the nickname.
- HTTPException Changing the nickname failed.

edit_channel (channel, **options)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Edits a Channel.

You must have the proper permissions to edit the channel.

To move the channel's position use move_channel() instead.

The Channel object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Parameters

• channel (Channel) – The channel to update.

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- name (str) The new channel name.
- topic (str) The new channel's topic.
- **bitrate** (*int*) The new channel's bitrate. Voice only.
- user_limit (int) The new channel's user limit. Voice only.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to edit the channel.
- HTTPException Editing the channel failed.

move_channel (channel, position)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Moves the specified *Channel* to the given position in the GUI. Note that voice channels and text channels have different position values.

The Channel object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Warning: Object instances do not work with this function.

Parameters

- channel (Channel) The channel to change positions of.
- **position** (int) The position to insert the channel to.

Raises

- InvalidArgument If position is less than 0 or greater than the number of channels.
- Forbidden You do not have permissions to change channel order.
- HTTPException If moving the channel failed, or you are of too low rank to move the channel.

create_channel (server, name, *overwrites, type=None)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Creates a Channel in the specified Server.

Note that you need the proper permissions to create the channel.

The overwrites argument list can be used to create a 'secret' channel upon creation. A namedtuple of ChannelPermissions is exposed to create a channel-specific permission overwrite in a more self-documenting matter. You can also use a regular tuple of (target, overwrite) where the overwrite expected has to be of type <code>PermissionOverwrite</code>.

Examples

Creating a voice channel:

```
await client.create_channel(server, 'Voice', type=discord.ChannelType.voice)
```

Creating a 'secret' text channel:

Or in a more 'compact' way:

Parameters

- **server** (*Server*) The server to create the channel in.
- name (str) The channel's name.
- type (Channel Type) The type of channel to create. Defaults to Channel Type. text.
- **overwrites** An argument list of channel specific overwrites to apply on the channel on creation. Useful for creating 'secret' channels.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have the proper permissions to create the channel.
- NotFound The server specified was not found.
- HTTPException Creating the channel failed.
- InvalidArgument The permission overwrite array is not in proper form.

Returns The channel that was just created. This channel is different than the one that will be added in cache.

Return type Channel

delete channel(channel)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Deletes a Channel.

In order to delete the channel, the client must have the proper permissions in the server the channel belongs to.

Parameters channel (Channel) – The channel to delete.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have proper permissions to delete the channel.
- *NotFound* The specified channel was not found.
- HTTPException Deleting the channel failed.

leave_server (server)

This function is a coroutine.

Leaves a Server.

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Note: You cannot leave the server that you own, you must delete it instead via delete_server().

Parameters server (Server) – The server to leave.

Raises HTTPException – If leaving the server failed.

delete server(server)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Deletes a Server. You must be the server owner to delete the server.

Parameters server (Server) – The server to delete.

Raises

- HTTPException If deleting the server failed.
- Forbidden You do not have permissions to delete the server.

create server(name, region=None, icon=None)

This function is a coroutine.

Creates a Server.

Bot accounts generally are not allowed to create servers. See Discord's official documentation for more info.

Parameters

- name (str) The name of the server.
- region (ServerRegion) The region for the voice communication server. Defaults to ServerRegion.us_west.
- **icon** (bytes) The bytes-like object representing the icon. See edit_profile() for more details on what is expected.

Raises

- HTTPException Server creation failed.
- InvalidArgument Invalid icon image format given. Must be PNG or JPG.

Returns The server created. This is not the same server that is added to cache.

Return type Server

```
edit server (server, **fields)
```

This function is a coroutine.

Edits a Server.

You must have the proper permissions to edit the server.

The Server object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Parameters

- server (Server) The server to edit.
- name (str) The new name of the server.
- icon (bytes) A bytes-like object representing the icon. See edit_profile() for more details. Could be None to denote no icon.

- **splash** (*bytes*) A *bytes-like* object representing the invite splash. See *edit_profile()* for more details. Could be None to denote no invite splash. Only available for partnered servers with INVITE_SPLASH feature.
- region (ServerRegion) The new region for the server's voice communication.
- afk_channel (Optional[Channel]) The new channel that is the AFK channel. Could be None for no AFK channel.
- afk_timeout (int) The number of seconds until someone is moved to the AFK channel.
- **owner** (*Member*) The new owner of the server to transfer ownership to. Note that you must be owner of the server to do this.
- **verification_level** (*VerificationLevel*) The new verification level for the server.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to edit the server.
- NotFound The server you are trying to edit does not exist.
- HTTPException Editing the server failed.
- InvalidArgument The image format passed in to icon is invalid. It must be PNG or JPG. This is also raised if you are not the owner of the server and request an ownership transfer

get_bans (server)

This function is a coroutine.

Retrieves all the *User* s that are banned from the specified server.

You must have proper permissions to get this information.

Parameters server (Server) – The server to get ban information from.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have proper permissions to get the information.
- HTTPException An error occurred while fetching the information.

Returns A list of *User* that have been banned.

Return type list

prune_members (server, *, days)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Prunes a Server from its inactive members.

The inactive members are denoted if they have not logged on in days number of days and they have no roles.

You must have the "Kick Members" permission to use this.

To check how many members you would prune without actually pruning, see the <code>estimate_pruned_members()</code> function.

Parameters

- **server** (*Server*) The server to prune from.
- **days** (*int*) The number of days before counting as inactive.

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Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to prune members.
- HTTPException An error occurred while pruning members.
- InvalidArgument An integer was not passed for days.

Returns The number of members pruned.

Return type int

estimate_pruned_members (server, *, days)

This function is a coroutine.

Similar to prune_members () except instead of actually pruning members, it returns how many members it would prune from the server had it been called.

Parameters

- **server** (*Server*) The server to estimate a prune from.
- **days** (*int*) The number of days before counting as inactive.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to prune members.
- HTTPException An error occurred while fetching the prune members estimate.
- InvalidArgument An integer was not passed for days.

Returns The number of members estimated to be pruned.

Return type int

```
create_custom_emoji(server, *, name, image)
```

This function is a *coroutine*.

Creates a custom *Emoji* for a *Server*.

This endpoint is only allowed for user bots or white listed bots. If this is done by a user bot then this is a local emoji that can only be used inside that server.

There is currently a limit of 50 local emotes per server.

Parameters

- **server** (Server) The server to add the emoji to.
- name (str) The emoji name. Must be at least 2 characters.
- **image** (bytes) The bytes-like object representing the image data to use. Only JPG and PNG images are supported.

Returns The created emoji.

Return type Emoji

Raises

- Forbidden You are not allowed to create emojis.
- HTTPException An error occurred creating an emoji.

delete_custom_emoji(emoji)

This function is a coroutine.

Deletes a custom Emoji from a Server.

This follows the same rules as <code>create_custom_emoji()</code>.

Parameters emoji (*Emoji*) – The emoji to delete.

Raises

- Forbidden You are not allowed to delete emojis.
- HTTPException An error occurred deleting the emoji.

edit custom emoji(emoji, *, name)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Edits a Emoji.

Parameters

- emoji (Emoji) The emoji to edit.
- name (str) The new emoji name.

Raises

- Forbidden You are not allowed to edit emojis.
- HTTPException An error occurred editing the emoji.

create_invite (destination, **options)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Creates an invite for the destination which could be either a Server or Channel.

Parameters

- destination The Server or Channel to create the invite to.
- max_age (int) How long the invite should last. If it's 0 then the invite doesn't expire. Defaults to 0.
- max_uses (int) How many uses the invite could be used for. If it's 0 then there are unlimited uses. Defaults to 0.
- **temporary** (bool) Denotes that the invite grants temporary membership (i.e. they get kicked after they disconnect). Defaults to False.
- **unique** (bool) Indicates if a unique invite URL should be created. Defaults to True. If this is set to False then it will return a previously created invite.

Raises HTTPException - Invite creation failed.

Returns The invite that was created.

Return type Invite

get_invite(url)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Gets a Invite from a discord.gg URL or ID.

Note: If the invite is for a server you have not joined, the server and channel attributes of the returned invite will be *Object* with the names patched in.

Parameters url (str) – The discord invite ID or URL (must be a discord.gg URL).

Raises

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- *NotFound* The invite has expired or is invalid.
- HTTPException Getting the invite failed.

Returns The invite from the URL/ID.

Return type Invite

invites from(server)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Returns a list of all active instant invites from a Server.

You must have proper permissions to get this information.

Parameters server (Server) – The server to get invites from.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have proper permissions to get the information.
- HTTPException An error occurred while fetching the information.

Returns The list of invites that are currently active.

Return type list of Invite

accept invite(invite)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Accepts an Invite, URL or ID to an invite.

The URL must be a discord.gg URL. e.g. "http://discord.gg/codehere". An ID for the invite is just the "codehere" portion of the invite URL.

Parameters invite – The *Invite* or URL to an invite to accept.

Raises

- HTTPException Accepting the invite failed.
- NotFound The invite is invalid or expired.
- Forbidden You are a bot user and cannot use this endpoint.

delete_invite(invite)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Revokes an Invite, URL, or ID to an invite.

The invite parameter follows the same rules as accept_invite().

Parameters invite – The invite to revoke.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to revoke invites.
- NotFound The invite is invalid or expired.
- HTTPException Revoking the invite failed.

move_role (server, role, position)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Moves the specified *Role* to the given position in the *Server*.

The Role object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Parameters

- **server** (*Server*) The server the role belongs to.
- role (Role) The role to edit.
- **position** (int) The position to insert the role to.

Raises

- InvalidArgument If position is 0, or role is server.default_role
- Forbidden You do not have permissions to change role order.
- HTTPException If moving the role failed, or you are of too low rank to move the role.

edit_role (server, role, **fields)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Edits the specified *Role* for the entire *Server*.

The Role object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

All fields except server and role are optional. To change the position of a role, use <code>move_role()</code> instead.

Changed in version 0.8.0: Editing now uses keyword arguments instead of editing the Role object directly.

Parameters

- **server** (*Server*) The server the role belongs to.
- role (Role) The role to edit.
- name (str) The new role name to change to.
- permissions (Permissions) The new permissions to change to.
- colour (Colour) The new colour to change to. (aliased to color as well)
- hoist (bool) Indicates if the role should be shown separately in the online list.
- **mentionable** (bool) Indicates if the role should be mentionable by others.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to change the role.
- \bullet HTTPException-Editing the role failed.

delete_role (server, role)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Deletes the specified *Role* for the entire *Server*.

Parameters

- **server** (*Server*) The server the role belongs to.
- role (Role) The role to delete.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to delete the role.
- HTTPException Deleting the role failed.

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add roles (member, *roles)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Gives the specified Member a number of Roles.

You must have the proper permissions to use this function.

The Member object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Parameters

- **member** (*Member*) The member to give roles to.
- ***roles** An argument list of *Role* s to give the member.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to add roles.
- HTTPException Adding roles failed.

remove roles (member, *roles)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Removes the Role's from the Member.

You must have the proper permissions to use this function.

The Member object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Parameters

- **member** (*Member*) The member to revoke roles from.
- ***roles** An argument list of *Role* s to revoke the member.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to revoke roles.
- HTTPException Removing roles failed.

replace_roles (member, *roles)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Replaces the Member's roles.

You must have the proper permissions to use this function.

This function **replaces** all roles that the member has. For example if the member has roles [a, b, c] and the call is client.replace_roles (member, d, e, c) then the member has the roles [d, e, c].

The Member object is not directly modified afterwards until the corresponding WebSocket event is received.

Parameters

- **member** (*Member*) The member to replace roles from.
- ***roles** An argument list of *Role* s to replace the roles with.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to revoke roles.
- HTTPException Removing roles failed.

```
create_role (server, **fields)
```

This function is a *coroutine*.

Creates a Role.

This function is similar to edit_role in both the fields taken and exceptions thrown.

Returns The newly created role. This not the same role that is stored in cache.

Return type Role

edit_channel_permissions (channel, target, overwrite=None)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Sets the channel specific permission overwrites for a target in the specified Channel.

The target parameter should either be a *Member* or a *Role* that belongs to the channel's server.

You must have the proper permissions to do this.

Examples

Setting allow and deny:

Parameters

- **channel** (*Channel*) The channel to give the specific permissions for.
- target The Member or Role to overwrite permissions for.
- overwrite (PermissionOverwrite) The permissions to allow and deny to the target.

Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to edit channel specific permissions.
- NotFound The channel specified was not found.
- HTTPException Editing channel specific permissions failed.
- InvalidArgument The overwrite parameter was not of type PermissionOverwrite or the target type was not Role or Member.

delete_channel_permissions(channel, target)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Removes a channel specific permission overwrites for a target in the specified Channel.

The target parameter follows the same rules as edit_channel_permissions().

You must have the proper permissions to do this.

Parameters

- **channel** (*Channel*) The channel to give the specific permissions for.
- target The Member or Role to overwrite permissions for.

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Raises

- Forbidden You do not have permissions to delete channel specific permissions.
- NotFound The channel specified was not found.
- HTTPException Deleting channel specific permissions failed.

move_member (member, channel)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Moves a Member to a different voice channel.

You must have proper permissions to do this.

Note: You cannot pass in a *Object* instead of a *Channel* object in this function.

Parameters

- member (Member) The member to move to another voice channel.
- **channel** (*Channel*) The voice channel to move the member to.

Raises

- InvalidArgument The channel provided is not a voice channel.
- HTTPException Moving the member failed.
- Forbidden You do not have permissions to move the member.

join_voice_channel(channel)

This function is a coroutine.

Joins a voice channel and creates a VoiceClient to establish your connection to the voice server.

After this function is successfully called, voice is set to the returned VoiceClient.

Parameters channel (Channel) - The voice channel to join to.

Raises

- InvalidArgument The channel was not a voice channel.
- asyncio.TimeoutError Could not connect to the voice channel in time.
- ClientException You are already connected to a voice channel.
- OpusNotLoaded The opus library has not been loaded.

Returns A voice client that is fully connected to the voice server.

Return type VoiceClient

is_voice_connected(server)

Indicates if we are currently connected to a voice channel in the specified server.

Parameters server (Server) – The server to query if we're connected to it.

voice_client_in(server)

Returns the voice client associated with a server.

If no voice client is found then None is returned.

Parameters server (Server) – The server to query if we have a voice client for.

Returns The voice client associated with the server.

Return type VoiceClient

group_call_in(channel)

Returns the GroupCall associated with a private channel.

If no group call is found then None is returned.

Parameters channel (*PrivateChannel*) – The group private channel to query the group call for.

Returns The group call.

Return type Optional[GroupCall]

application_info()

This function is a *coroutine*.

Retrieve's the bot's application information.

Returns A namedtuple representing the application info.

Return type AppInfo

Raises HTTPException - Retrieving the information failed somehow.

get_user_info(user_id)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Retrieves a *User* based on their ID. This can only be used by bot accounts. You do not have to share any servers with the user to get this information, however many operations do require that you do.

Parameters $user_id(str)$ – The user's ID to fetch from.

Returns The user you requested.

Return type User

Raises

- NotFound A user with this ID does not exist.
- HTTPException Fetching the user failed.

4.3 Voice

class discord.VoiceClient (user, main_ws, session_id, channel, data, loop)

Represents a Discord voice connection.

This client is created solely through <code>Client.join_voice_channel()</code> and its only purpose is to transmit voice.

Warning: In order to play audio, you must have loaded the opus library through opus.load_opus().

If you don't do this then the library will not be able to transmit audio.

session_id

str – The voice connection session ID.

token

str – The voice connection token.

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user

User – The user connected to voice.

endpoint

str – The endpoint we are connecting to.

channel

Channel – The voice channel connected to.

server

Server - The server the voice channel is connected to. Shorthand for channel.server.

loop

The event loop that the voice client is running on.

poll_voice_ws()

This function is a *coroutine*. Reads from the voice websocket while connected.

disconnect()

This function is a *coroutine*.

Disconnects all connections to the voice client.

In order to reconnect, you must create another voice client using Client.join_voice_channel().

move_to (channel)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Moves you to a different voice channel.

Warning: Object instances do not work with this function.

Parameters channel (Channel) - The channel to move to. Must be a voice channel.

Raises InvalidArgument – Not a voice channel.

is_connected()

bool: Indicates if the voice client is connected to voice.

Creates a stream player for ffmpeg that launches in a separate thread to play audio.

The ffmpeg player launches a subprocess of ffmpeg to a specific filename and then plays that file.

You must have the ffmpeg or avconv executable in your path environment variable in order for this to work.

The operations that can be done on the player are the same as those in <code>create_stream_player()</code>.

Examples

Basic usage:

```
voice = await client.join_voice_channel(channel)
player = voice.create_ffmpeg_player('cool.mp3')
player.start()
```

Parameters

- **filename** The filename that ffmpeg will take and convert to PCM bytes. If pipe is True then this is a file-like object that is passed to the stdin of ffmpeg.
- use_avconv (bool) Use avconv instead of ffmpeg.
- **pipe** (bool) If true, denotes that filename parameter will be passed to the stdin of ffmpeg.
- stderr A file-like object or subprocess.PIPE to pass to the Popen constructor.
- **options** (str) Extra command line flags to pass to ffmpeg after the –i flag.
- **before_options** (str) Command line flags to pass to ffmpeg before the -i flag.
- headers (dict) HTTP headers dictionary to pass to -headers command line option
- **after** (*callable*) The finalizer that is called after the stream is done being played. All exceptions the finalizer throws are silently discarded.

Raises ClientException - Popen failed to due to an error in ffmpeg or avconv.

Returns A stream player with specific operations. See <code>create_stream_player()</code>.

Return type StreamPlayer

create_ytdl_player(url, *, ytdl_options=None, **kwargs)

This function is a *coroutine*.

Creates a stream player for youtube or other services that launches in a separate thread to play the audio.

The player uses the youtube_dl python library to get the information required to get audio from the URL. Since this uses an external library, you must install it yourself. You can do so by calling pip install youtube_dl.

You must have the ffmpeg or avconv executable in your path environment variable in order for this to work.

The operations that can be done on the player are the same as those in <code>create_stream_player()</code>. The player has been augmented and enhanced to have some info extracted from the URL. If youtube-dl fails to extract the information then the attribute is <code>None</code>. The <code>yt</code>, <code>url</code>, and <code>download_url</code> attributes are always available.

Operation	Description
player.yt	The <i>YoutubeDL</i> < <i>ytdl</i> > instance.
player.url	The URL that is currently playing.
player.download_url	The URL that is currently being downloaded to ffmpeg.
player.title	The title of the audio stream.
player.description	The description of the audio stream.
player.uploader	The uploader of the audio stream.
player.upload_date	A datetime.date object of when the stream was uploaded.
player.duration	The duration of the audio in seconds.
player.likes	How many likes the audio stream has.
player.dislikes	How many dislikes the audio stream has.
player.is_live	Checks if the audio stream is currently livestreaming.
player.views	How many views the audio stream has.

Examples

Basic usage:

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Parameters

- **url** (*str*) The URL that youtube_dl will take and download audio to pass to ffmpeg or avconv to convert to PCM bytes.
- ytdl_options (dict) A dictionary of options to pass into the YoutubeDL instance. See the documentation for more details.
- **kwargs The rest of the keyword arguments are forwarded to create_ffmpeg_player().

Raises ClientException - Popen failure from either ffmpeg/avconv.

Returns An augmented StreamPlayer that uses ffmpeg. See <code>create_stream_player()</code> for base operations.

Return type StreamPlayer

```
encoder_options (*, sample_rate, channels=2)
```

Sets the encoder options for the OpusEncoder.

Calling this after you create a stream player via create_ffmpeg_player() or create_stream_player() has no effect.

Parameters

- **sample_rate** (*int*) Sets the sample rate of the OpusEncoder. The unit is in Hz.
- **channels** (*int*) Sets the number of channels for the OpusEncoder. 2 for stereo, 1 for mono.

Raises InvalidArgument – The values provided are invalid.

```
create_stream_player(stream, *, after=None)
```

Creates a stream player that launches in a separate thread to play audio.

The stream player assumes that stream.read is a valid function that returns a bytes-like object.

The finalizer, after is called after the stream has been exhausted or an error occurred (see below).

The following operations are valid on the StreamPlayer object:

Operation	Description
player.start()	Starts the audio stream.
player.stop()	Stops the audio stream.
player.is_dor	neReturns a bool indicating if the stream is done.
player.is_pla	y ing (t) rns a bool indicating if the stream is playing.
player.pause	()Pauses the audio stream.
player.resume@esumes the audio stream.	
player.volum	eAllows you to set the volume of the stream. 1.0 is equivalent to 100% and 0.0 is equal to
	0%. The maximum the volume can be set to is 2.0 for 200%.
player.error	The exception that stopped the player. If no error happened, then this returns None.

The stream must have the same sampling rate as the encoder and the same number of channels. The defaults are 48000 Hz and 2 channels. You could change the encoder options by using <code>encoder_options()</code> but this must be called **before** this function.

If an error happens while the player is running, the exception is caught and the player is then stopped. The caught exception could then be retrieved via player.error. When the player is stopped in this matter, the finalizer under after is called.

Parameters

- **stream** The stream object to read from.
- **after** The finalizer that is called after the stream is exhausted. All exceptions it throws are silently discarded. This function can have either no parameters or a single parameter taking in the current player.

Returns A stream player with the operations noted above.

Return type StreamPlayer

play_audio (data, *, encode=True)

Sends an audio packet composed of the data.

You must be connected to play audio.

Parameters

- data (bytes) The bytes-like object denoting PCM or Opus voice data.
- **encode** (bool) Indicates if data should be encoded into Opus.

Raises

- ClientException You are not connected.
- OpusError Encoding the data failed.

4.3.1 Opus Library

discord.opus.load_opus(name)

Loads the libopus shared library for use with voice.

If this function is not called then the library uses the function ctypes.util.find_library and then loads that one if available.

Not loading a library leads to voice not working.

This function propagates the exceptions thrown.

Warning: The bitness of the library must match the bitness of your python interpreter. If the library is 64-bit then your python interpreter must be 64-bit as well. Usually if there's a mismatch in bitness then the load will throw an exception.

Note: On Windows, the .dll extension is not necessary. However, on Linux the full extension is required to load the library, e.g. libopus.so.1. On Linux however, find library will usually find the library automatically without you having to call this.

Parameters name (str) – The filename of the shared library.

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```
discord.opus.is loaded()
```

Function to check if opus lib is successfully loaded either via the ctypes.util.find_library call of load opus().

This must return True for voice to work.

Returns Indicates if the opus library has been loaded.

Return type bool

4.4 Event Reference

This page outlines the different types of events listened by Client.

There are two ways to register an event, the first way is through the use of <code>Client.event()</code>. The second way is through subclassing <code>Client</code> and overriding the specific events. For example:

```
import discord

class MyClient(discord.Client):

   @asyncio.coroutine
   def on_message(self, message):
        yield from self.send_message(message.channel, 'Hello World!')
```

If an event handler raises an exception, on_error() will be called to handle it, which defaults to print a traceback and ignore the exception.

Warning: All the events must be a *coroutine*. If they aren't, then you might get unexpected errors. In order to turn a function into a coroutine they must either be decorated with @asyncio.coroutine or in Python 3.5+ be defined using the async def declaration.

The following two functions are examples of coroutine functions:

```
async def on_ready():
    pass

@asyncio.coroutine
def on_ready():
    pass
```

Since this can be a potentially common mistake, there is a helper decorator, <code>Client.async_event()</code> to convert a basic function into a coroutine and an event at the same time. Note that it is not necessary if you use <code>async_def</code>.

New in version 0.7.0: Subclassing to listen to events.

```
discord.on_ready()
```

Called when the client is done preparing the data received from Discord. Usually after login is successful and the Client.servers and co. are filled up.

Warning: This function is not guaranteed to be the first event called. Likewise, this function is **not** guaranteed to only be called once. This library implements reconnection logic and thus will end up calling this event whenever a RESUME request fails.

discord.on resumed()

Called when the client has resumed a session.

discord.on_error(event, *args, **kwargs)

Usually when an event raises an uncaught exception, a traceback is printed to stderr and the exception is ignored. If you want to change this behaviour and handle the exception for whatever reason yourself, this event can be overridden. Which, when done, will supress the default action of printing the traceback.

The information of the exception rasied and the exception itself can be retreived with a standard call to sys. $exc_info()$.

If you want exception to propogate out of the Client class you can define an on_error handler consisting of a single empty raise statement. Exceptions raised by on_error will not be handled in any way by Client.

Parameters

- **event** The name of the event that raised the exception.
- **args** The positional arguments for the event that raised the exception.
- **kwargs** The keyword arguments for the event that raised the execption.

discord.on_message(message)

Called when a message is created and sent to a server.

Parameters message – A Message of the current message.

discord.on_socket_raw_receive(msg)

Called whenever a message is received from the websocket, before it's processed. This event is always dispatched when a message is received and the passed data is not processed in any way.

This is only really useful for grabbing the websocket stream and debugging purposes.

Note: This is only for the messages received from the client websocket. The voice websocket will not trigger this event.

Parameters msg – The message passed in from the websocket library. Could be bytes for a binary message or str for a regular message.

discord.on_socket_raw_send(payload)

Called whenever a send operation is done on the websocket before the message is sent. The passed parameter is the message that is to sent to the websocket.

This is only really useful for grabbing the websocket stream and debugging purposes.

Note: This is only for the messages received from the client websocket. The voice websocket will not trigger this event.

Parameters payload – The message that is about to be passed on to the websocket library. It can be bytes to denote a binary message or str to denote a regular text message.

discord.on_message_delete(message)

Called when a message is deleted. If the message is not found in the <code>Client.messages</code> cache, then these events will not be called. This happens if the message is too old or the client is participating in high traffic servers. To fix this, increase the <code>max_messages</code> option of <code>Client</code>.

Parameters message – A Message of the deleted message.

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discord.on message edit (before, after)

Called when a message receives an update event. If the message is not found in the Client.messages cache, then these events will not be called. This happens if the message is too old or the client is participating in high traffic servers. To fix this, increase the max_messages option of Client.

The following non-exhaustive cases trigger this event:

- A message has been pinned or unpinned.
- The message content has been changed.
- · The message has received an embed.
 - For performance reasons, the embed server does not do this in a "consistent" manner.
- A call message has received an update to its participants or ending time.

Parameters

- **before** A *Message* of the previous version of the message.
- after A Message of the current version of the message.

discord.on_reaction_add(reaction, user)

Called when a message has a reaction added to it. Similar to on_message_edit, if the message is not found in the Client.messages cache, then this event will not be called.

Note: To get the message being reacted, access it via Reaction.message.

Parameters

- reaction A Reaction showing the current state of the reaction.
- user A *User* or *Member* of the user who added the reaction.

discord.on_reaction_remove (reaction, user)

Called when a message has a reaction removed from it. Similar to on_message_edit, if the message is not found in the Client.messages cache, then this event will not be called.

Note: To get the message being reacted, access it via Reaction.message.

Parameters

- **reaction** A *Reaction* showing the current state of the reaction.
- user A *User* or *Member* of the user who removed the reaction.

discord.on_reaction_clear (message, reactions)

Called when a message has all its reactions removed from it. Similar to on_message_edit, if the message is not found in the <code>Client.messages</code> cache, then this event will not be called.

Parameters

- message The Message that had its reactions cleared.
- reactions A list of Reactions that were removed.

discord.on channel delete (channel)

discord.on channel create(channel)

Called whenever a channel is removed or added from a server.

Note that you can get the server from Channel.server. on_channel_create() could also pass in a PrivateChannel depending on the value of Channel.is_private.

Parameters channel - The Channel that got added or deleted.

```
discord.on_channel_update(before, after)
```

Called whenever a channel is updated. e.g. changed name, topic, permissions.

Parameters

- before The Channel that got updated with the old info.
- after The Channel that got updated with the updated info.

```
discord.on_member_join (member)
discord.on_member_remove (member)
```

Called when a Member leaves or joins a Server.

Parameters member – The Member that joined or left.

discord.on_member_update(before, after)

Called when a Member updates their profile.

This is called when one or more of the following things change:

- status
- game playing
- avatar
- · nickname
- roles

Parameters

- **before** The *Member* that updated their profile with the old info.
- **after** The *Member* that updated their profile with the updated info.

```
discord.on_server_join(server)
```

Called when a Server is either created by the Client or when the Client joins a server.

Parameters server – The class: Server that was joined.

```
discord.on_server_remove(server)
```

Called when a Server is removed from the Client.

This happens through, but not limited to, these circumstances:

- The client got banned.
- The client got kicked.
- The client left the server.
- The client or the server owner deleted the server.

In order for this event to be invoked then the Client must have been part of the server to begin with. (i.e. it is part of Client.servers)

Parameters server - The Server that got removed.

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discord.on_server_update(before, after)

Called when a Server updates, for example:

- Changed name
- · Changed AFK channel
- · Changed AFK timeout
- etc

Parameters

- **before** The *Server* prior to being updated.
- after The Server after being updated.

```
discord.on_server_role_create(role)
```

 $\verb|discord.on_server_role_delete| (role)$

Called when a Server creates or deletes a new Role.

To get the server it belongs to, use Role.server.

Parameters role – The *Role* that was created or deleted.

```
discord.on_server_role_update(before, after)
```

Called when a Role is changed server-wide.

Parameters

- **before** The *Role* that updated with the old info.
- **after** The *Role* that updated with the updated info.

```
discord.on_server_emojis_update(before, after)
```

Called when a Server adds or removes Emoji.

Parameters

- **before** A list of *Emoji* before the update.
- after A list of *Emoji* after the update.

```
discord.on_server_available (server)
discord.on_server_unavailable (server)
```

Called when a server becomes available or unavailable. The server must have existed in the Client.servers cache.

Parameters server – The Server that has changed availability.

```
discord.on_voice_state_update(before, after)
```

Called when a *Member* changes their voice state.

The following, but not limited to, examples illustrate when this event is called:

- A member joins a voice room.
- A member leaves a voice room.
- A member is muted or deafened by their own accord.
- A member is muted or deafened by a server administrator.

Parameters

• **before** – The *Member* whose voice state changed prior to the changes.

• after – The Member whose voice state changed after the changes.

discord.on_member_ban(member)

Called when a Member gets banned from a Server.

You can access the server that the member got banned from via Member. server.

Parameters member – The member that got banned.

```
discord.on member unban (server, user)
```

Called when a *User* gets unbanned from a *Server*.

Parameters

- **server** The server the user got unbanned from.
- user The user that got unbanned.

discord.on_typing(channel, user, when)

Called when someone begins typing a message.

The channel parameter could either be a PrivateChannel or a Channel. If channel is a PrivateChannel then the user parameter is a User, otherwise it is a Member.

Parameters

- **channel** The location where the typing originated from.
- **user** The user that started typing.
- when A datetime datetime object representing when typing started.

```
discord.on_group_join(channel, user)
discord.on_group_remove(channel, user)
```

Called when someone joins or leaves a group, i.e. a PrivateChannel with a PrivateChannel.type of ChannelType.group.

Parameters

- channel The group that the user joined or left.
- user The user that joined or left.

4.5 Utility Functions

```
discord.utils.find(predicate, seq)
```

A helper to return the first element found in the sequence that meets the predicate. For example:

```
member = find(lambda m: m.name == 'Mighty', channel.server.members)
```

would find the first Member whose name is 'Mighty' and return it. If an entry is not found, then None is returned.

This is different from filter due to the fact it stops the moment it finds a valid entry.

Parameters

- **predicate** A function that returns a boolean-like result.
- **seq** (*iterable*) The iterable to search through.

```
discord.utils.get (iterable, **attrs)
```

A helper that returns the first element in the iterable that meets all the traits passed in attrs. This is an alternative for <code>discord.utils.find()</code>.

When multiple attributes are specified, they are checked using logical AND, not logical OR. Meaning they have to meet every attribute passed in and not one of them.

To have a nested attribute search (i.e. search by $x \cdot y$) then pass in x y as the keyword argument.

If nothing is found that matches the attributes passed, then None is returned.

Examples

Basic usage:

```
member = discord.utils.get(message.server.members, name='Foo')
```

Multiple attribute matching:

```
channel = discord.utils.get(server.channels, name='Foo', type=ChannelType.voice)
```

Nested attribute matching:

Parameters

- **iterable** An iterable to search through.
- ****attrs** Keyword arguments that denote attributes to search with.

```
discord.utils.snowflake_time(id)
```

Returns the creation date in UTC of a discord id.

 $\verb|discord.utils.oauth_url| (client_id, permissions = None, server = None, redirect_uri = None)|$

A helper function that returns the OAuth2 URL for inviting the bot into servers.

Parameters

- **client_id** (str) The client ID for your bot.
- **permissions** (Permissions) The permissions you're requesting. If not given then you won't be requesting any permissions.
- **server** (Server) The server to pre-select in the authorization screen, if available.
- redirect_uri (str) An optional valid redirect URI.

4.6 Application Info

class discord.AppInfo

A namedtuple representing the bot's application info.

id

The application's client_id.

name

The application's name.

description

The application's description

icon

The application's icon hash if it exists, None otherwise.

icon url

A property that retrieves the application's icon URL if it exists.

If it doesn't exist an empty string is returned.

owner

The owner of the application. This is a *User* instance with the owner's information at the time of the call.

4.7 Enumerations

The API provides some enumerations for certain types of strings to avoid the API from being stringly typed in case the strings change in the future.

All enumerations are subclasses of enum.

class discord.ChannelType

Specifies the type of Channel.

text

A text channel.

voice

A voice channel.

private

A private text channel. Also called a direct message.

group

A private group text channel.

class discord.MessageType

Specifies the type of *Message*. This is used to denote if a message is to be interpreted as a system message or a regular message.

default

The default message type. This is the same as regular messages.

recipient_add

The system message when a recipient is added to a group private message, i.e. a private channel of type Channel Type.group.

recipient_remove

The system message when a recipient is removed from a group private message, i.e. a private channel of type Channel Type.group.

call

The system message denoting call state, e.g. missed call, started call, etc.

channel name change

The system message denoting that a channel's name has been changed.

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channel_icon_change

The system message denoting that a channel's icon has been changed.

pins_add

The system message denoting that a pinned message has been added to a channel.

class discord.ServerRegion

Specifies the region a Server's voice server belongs to.

us west

The US West region.

us_east

The US East region.

us_central

The US Central region.

eu_west

The EU West region.

eu central

The EU Central region.

singapore

The Singapore region.

london

The London region.

sydney

The Sydney region.

${\tt amsterdam}$

The Amsterdam region.

frankfurt

The Frankfurt region.

brazil

The Brazil region.

vip_us_east

The US East region for VIP servers.

vip_us_west

The US West region for VIP servers.

vip amsterdam

The Amsterdam region for VIP servers.

class discord.VerificationLevel

Specifies a Server's verification level, which is the criteria in which a member must meet before being able to send messages to the server.

none

No criteria set.

low

Member must have a verified email on their Discord account.

medium

Member must have a verified email and be registered on Discord for more than five minutes.

high

Member must have a verified email, be registered on Discord for more than five minutes, and be a member of the server itself for more than ten minutes.

table flip

An alias for high.

class discord. Status

Specifies a Member 's status.

online

The member is online.

offline

The member is offline.

idle

The member is idle.

dnd

The member is "Do Not Disturb".

do not disturb

An alias for dnd.

invisible

The member is "invisible". In reality, this is only used in sending a presence a la Client. change_presence(). When you receive a user's presence this will be offline instead.

4.8 Data Classes

Some classes are just there to be data containers, this lists them.

Note: With the exception of *Object*, *Colour*, and *Permissions* the data classes listed below are **not intended** to be created by users and are also read-only.

For example, this means that you should not make your own *User* instances nor should you modify the *User* instance yourself.

If you want to get one of these data classes instances they'd have to be through the cache, and a common way of doing so is through the utils.find() function or attributes of data classes that you receive from the events specified in the Event Reference.

Warning: Nearly all data classes here have __slots__ defined which means that it is impossible to have dynamic attributes to the data classes. The only exception to this rule is <code>Object</code> which was designed with dynamic attributes in mind.

More information about __slots__ can be found in the official python documentation.

4.8.1 Object

class discord.Object(id)

Represents a generic Discord object.

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The purpose of this class is to allow you to create 'miniature' versions of data classes if you want to pass in just an ID. Most functions that take in a specific data class with an ID can also take in this class as a substitute instead. Note that even though this is the case, not all objects (if any) actually inherit from this class.

There are also some cases where some websocket events are received in strange order and when such events happened you would receive this class rather than the actual data class. These cases are extremely rare.

id

str – The ID of the object.

created at

Returns the snowflake's creation time in UTC.

4.8.2 User

class discord. User

Represents a Discord user.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two users are equal.
x != y	Checks if two users are not equal.
hash(x)	Return the user's hash.
str(x)	Returns the user's name with discriminator.

name

str – The user's username.

id

str – The user's unique ID.

discriminator

str or int – The user's discriminator. This is given when the username has conflicts.

avatar

str – The avatar hash the user has. Could be None.

bot

bool – Specifies if the user is a bot account.

avatar_url

Returns a friendly URL version of the avatar variable the user has. An empty string if the user has no avatar.

default avatar

Returns the default avatar for a given user. This is calculated by the user's descriminator

default avatar url

Returns a URL for a user's default avatar.

mention

Returns a string that allows you to mention the given user.

permissions_in(channel)

An alias for Channel.permissions_for().

Basically equivalent to:

channel.permissions_for(self)

Parameters channel – The channel to check your permissions for.

created at

Returns the user's creation time in UTC.

This is when the user's discord account was created.

display_name

Returns the user's display name.

For regular users this is just their username, but if they have a server specific nickname then that is returned instead.

mentioned_in (message)

Checks if the user is mentioned in the specified message.

Parameters message (Message) – The message to check if you're mentioned in.

4.8.3 Message

class discord. Message

Represents a message from Discord.

There should be no need to create one of these manually.

edited_timestamp

Optional[datetime.datetime] - A naive UTC datetime object containing the edited time of the message.

timestamp

datetime.datetime - A naive UTC datetime object containing the time the message was created.

tts

bool – Specifies if the message was done with text-to-speech.

type

MessageType – The type of message. In most cases this should not be checked, but it is helpful in cases where it might be a system message for system_content.

author

A Member that sent the message. If channel is a private channel, then it is a User instead.

content

str – The actual contents of the message.

nonce

The value used by the discord server and the client to verify that the message is successfully sent. This is typically non-important.

embeds

list – A list of embedded objects. The elements are objects that meet oEmbed's specification.

channel

The Channel that the message was sent from. Could be a PrivateChannel if it's a private message. In very rare cases this could be a Object instead.

For the sake of convenience, this Object instance has an attribute is_private set to True.

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server

Optional[Server] – The server that the message belongs to. If not applicable (i.e. a PM) then it's None instead.

call

Optional[CallMessage] – The call that the message refers to. This is only applicable to messages of type MessageType.call.

mention_everyone

bool – Specifies if the message mentions everyone.

Note: This does not check if the @everyone text is in the message itself. Rather this boolean indicates if the @everyone text is in the message **and** it did end up mentioning everyone.

mentions

list – A list of *Member* that were mentioned. If the message is in a private message then the list will be of *User* instead. For messages that are not of type *MessageType.default*, this array can be used to aid in system messages. For more information, see *system_content*.

Warning: The order of the mentions list is not in any particular order so you should not rely on it. This is a discord limitation, not one with the library.

channel_mentions

list – A list of *Channel* that were mentioned. If the message is in a private message then the list is always empty.

role_mentions

list – A list of *Role* that were mentioned. If the message is in a private message then the list is always empty.

id

str – The message ID.

attachments

list – A list of attachments given to a message.

pinned

bool – Specifies if the message is currently pinned.

reactions

List[Reaction] – Reactions to a message. Reactions can be either custom emoji or standard unicode emoji.

raw_mentions

A property that returns an array of user IDs matched with the syntax of <@user_id> in the message content.

This allows you receive the user IDs of mentioned users even in a private message context.

raw_channel_mentions

A property that returns an array of channel IDs matched with the syntax of <#channel_id> in the message content.

raw role mentions

A property that returns an array of role IDs matched with the syntax of <@&role_id> in the message content.

clean content

A property that returns the content in a "cleaned up" manner. This basically means that mentions are transformed into the way the client shows it. e.g. <#id> will transform into #name.

This will also transform @everyone and @here mentions into non-mentions.

system_content

A property that returns the content that is rendered regardless of the Message.type.

In the case of MessageType.default, this just returns the regular Message.content. Otherwise this returns an English message denoting the contents of the system message.

4.8.4 Reaction

class discord. Reaction

Represents a reaction to a message.

Depending on the way this object was created, some of the attributes can have a value of None.

Similar to members, the same reaction to a different message are equal.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two reactions are the same.
x != y	Checks if two reactions are not the same.
hash(x)	Return the emoji's hash.

emoji

Emoji or str – The reaction emoji. May be a custom emoji, or a unicode emoji.

custom_emoji

bool – If this is a custom emoji.

count

int - Number of times this reaction was made

me

bool – If the user sent this reaction.

message

Message – Message this reaction is for.

4.8.5 Embed

class discord.Embed(**kwargs)

Represents a Discord embed.

The following attributes can be set during creation of the object:

Certain properties return an EmbedProxy. Which is a type that acts similar to a regular *dict* except access the attributes via dotted access, e.g. embed.author.icon_url. If the attribute is invalid or empty, then a special sentinel value is returned, *Embed.Empty*.

For ease of use, all parameters that expect a str are implicitly casted to str for you.

title

str – The title of the embed.

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type

str – The type of embed. Usually "rich".

description

str – The description of the embed.

url

str – The URL of the embed.

timestamp

datetime.datetime – The timestamp of the embed content.

colour

Colour or int – The colour code of the embed. Aliased to color as well.

Empty

A special sentinel value used by EmbedProxy and this class to denote that the value or attribute is empty.

footer

Returns a EmbedProxy denoting the footer contents.

See set_footer() for possible values you can access.

If the attribute has no value then *Empty* is returned.

set_footer (*, text=Embed.Empty, icon_url=Embed.Empty)

Sets the footer for the embed content.

This function returns the class instance to allow for fluent-style chaining.

Parameters

- **text** (*str*) The footer text.
- icon_url (str) The URL of the footer icon. Only HTTP(S) is supported.

image

Returns a EmbedProxy denoting the image contents.

Possible attributes you can access are:

- url
- proxy_url
- width
- height

If the attribute has no value then Empty is returned.

set_image(*, url)

Sets the image for the embed content.

This function returns the class instance to allow for fluent-style chaining.

Parameters url (str) – The source URL for the image. Only HTTP(S) is supported.

thumbnail

Returns a EmbedProxy denoting the thumbnail contents.

Possible attributes you can access are:

- url
- proxy_url
- width

• height

If the attribute has no value then *Empty* is returned.

set_thumbnail(*, url)

Sets the thumbnail for the embed content.

This function returns the class instance to allow for fluent-style chaining.

Parameters url (str) – The source URL for the thumbnail. Only HTTP(S) is supported.

video

Returns a EmbedProxy denoting the video contents.

Possible attributes include:

- url for the video URL.
- height for the video height.
- width for the video width.

If the attribute has no value then *Empty* is returned.

provider

Returns a EmbedProxy denoting the provider contents.

The only attributes that might be accessed are name and url.

If the attribute has no value then *Empty* is returned.

author

Returns a EmbedProxy denoting the author contents.

See set_author() for possible values you can access.

If the attribute has no value then *Empty* is returned.

set_author(*, name, url=Embed.Empty, icon_url=Embed.Empty)

Sets the author for the embed content.

This function returns the class instance to allow for fluent-style chaining.

Parameters

- name (str) The name of the author.
- url(str) The URL for the author.
- icon_url (str) The URL of the author icon. Only HTTP(S) is supported.

fields

Returns a list of EmbedProxy denoting the field contents.

See add_field() for possible values you can access.

If the attribute has no value then *Empty* is returned.

add_field(*, name, value, inline=True)

Adds a field to the embed object.

This function returns the class instance to allow for fluent-style chaining.

Parameters

- name (str) The name of the field.
- **value** (str) The value of the field.

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• **inline** (bool) – Whether the field should be displayed inline.

clear fields()

Removes all fields from this embed.

remove field(index)

Removes a field at a specified index.

If the index is invalid or out of bounds then the error is silently swallowed.

Note: When deleting a field by index, the index of the other fields shift to fill the gap just like a regular list.

Parameters index (int) – The index of the field to remove.

set_field_at (index, *, name, value, inline=True)

Modifies a field to the embed object.

The index must point to a valid pre-existing field.

This function returns the class instance to allow for fluent-style chaining.

Parameters

- **index** (*int*) The index of the field to modify.
- name (str) The name of the field.
- **value** (*str*) The value of the field.
- **inline** (bool) Whether the field should be displayed inline.

Raises IndexError – An invalid index was provided.

to_dict()

Converts this embed object into a dict.

4.8.6 CallMessage

class discord.CallMessage

Represents a group call message from Discord.

This is only received in cases where the message type is equivalent to MessageType.call.

ended_timestamp

Optional[datetime.datetime] - A naive UTC datetime object that represents the time that the call has ended.

participants

List[User] – The list of users that are participating in this call.

message

Message – The message associated with this call message.

call_ended

bool - Indicates if the call has ended.

channel

PrivateChannel- The private channel associated with this message.

duration

Queries the duration of the call.

If the call has not ended then the current duration will be returned.

Returns The timedelta object representing the duration.

Return type datetime.timedelta

4.8.7 GroupCall

class discord.GroupCall

Represents the actual group call from Discord.

This is accompanied with a CallMessage denoting the information.

call

CallMessage – The call message associated with this group call.

unavailable

bool – Denotes if this group call is unavailable.

ringing

List[User] – A list of users that are currently being rung to join the call.

region

ServerRegion – The server region the group call is being hosted on.

connected

A property that returns the list of *User* that are currently in this call.

channel

PrivateChannel- Returns the channel the group call is in.

voice_state_for(user)

Retrieves the VoiceState for a specified User.

If the *User* has no voice state then this function returns None.

Parameters user (*User*) – The user to retrieve the voice state for.

Returns The voice state associated with this user.

Return type Optiona[VoiceState]

4.8.8 Server

class discord.Server

Represents a Discord server.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two servers are equal.
x != y	Checks if two servers are not equal.
hash(x)	Returns the server's hash.
str(x)	Returns the server's name.

name

str – The server name.

me

Member – Similar to Client.user except an instance of Member. This is essentially used to get the member version of yourself.

roles

A list of Role that the server has available.

emojis

A list of *Emoji* that the server owns.

region

ServerRegion – The region the server belongs on. There is a chance that the region will be a str if the value is not recognised by the enumerator.

afk timeout

int – The timeout to get sent to the AFK channel.

afk_channel

Channel – The channel that denotes the AFK channel. None if it doesn't exist.

members

An iterable of *Member* that are currently on the server.

channels

An iterable of Channel that are currently on the server.

icon

str – The server's icon.

id

str – The server's ID.

owner

Member – The member who owns the server.

unavailable

bool – Indicates if the server is unavailable. If this is True then the reliability of other attributes outside of Server.id() is slim and they might all be None. It is best to not do anything with the server if it is unavailable.

Check the on_server_unavailable() and on_server_available() events.

large

bool — Indicates if the server is a 'large' server. A large server is defined as having more than large_threshold count members, which for this library is set to the maximum of 250.

voice_client

Optional[VoiceClient] - The VoiceClient associated with this server. A shortcut for the Client. voice_client_in() call.

mfa level

int – Indicates the server's two factor authorisation level. If this value is 0 then the server does not require 2FA for their administrative members. If the value is 1 then they do.

verification level

VerificationLevel – The server's verification level.

features

List[str] - A list of features that the server has. They are currently as follows:

- VIP_REGIONS: Server has VIP voice regions
- VANITY_URL: Server has a vanity invite URL (e.g. discord.gg/discord-api)

• INVITE_SPLASH: Server's invite page has a special splash.

splash

str – The server's invite splash.

get_channel (channel_id)

Returns a Channel with the given ID. If not found, returns None.

get_member (user_id)

Returns a *Member* with the given ID. If not found, returns None.

default_role

Gets the @everyone role that all members have by default.

default channel

Gets the default Channel for the server.

icon url

Returns the URL version of the server's icon. Returns an empty string if it has no icon.

splash_url

Returns the URL version of the server's invite splash. Returns an empty string if it has no splash.

member count

Returns the true member count regardless of it being loaded fully or not.

created at

Returns the server's creation time in UTC.

role_hierarchy

Returns the server's roles in the order of the hierarchy.

The first element of this list will be the highest role in the hierarchy.

get_member_named (name)

Returns the first member found that matches the name provided.

The name can have an optional discriminator argument, e.g. "Jake#0001" or "Jake" will both do the lookup. However the former will give a more precise result. Note that the discriminator must have all 4 digits for this to work.

If a nickname is passed, then it is looked up via the nickname. Note however, that a nickname + discriminator combo will not lookup the nickname but rather the username + discriminator combo due to nickname + discriminator not being unique.

If no member is found, None is returned.

Parameters name (str) – The name of the member to lookup with an optional discriminator.

Returns The member in this server with the associated name. If not found then None is returned.

Return type Member

4.8.9 Member

class discord. Member

Represents a Discord member to a Server.

This is a subclass of *User* that extends more functionality that server members have such as roles and permissions.

voice

VoiceState – The member's voice state. Properties are defined to mirror access of the attributes. e.g. Member.is_afk is equivalent to *Member.voice.is_afk*.

roles

A list of Role that the member belongs to. Note that the first element of this list is always the default '@everyone' role.

joined_at

datetime.datetime – A datetime object that specifies the date and time in UTC that the member joined the server for the first time.

status

Status – The member's status. There is a chance that the status will be a str if it is a value that is not recognised by the enumerator.

game

Game – The game that the user is currently playing. Could be None if no game is being played.

server

Server – The server that the member belongs to.

nick

Optional[str] – The server specific nickname of the user.

colour

A property that returns a Colour denoting the rendered colour for the member. If the default colour is the one rendered then an instance of Colour.default() is returned.

There is an alias for this under color.

color

A property that returns a *Colour* denoting the rendered colour for the member. If the default colour is the one rendered then an instance of *Colour*. default () is returned.

There is an alias for this under color.

top_role

Returns the member's highest role.

This is useful for figuring where a member stands in the role hierarchy chain.

server_permissions

Returns the member's server permissions.

This only takes into consideration the server permissions and not most of the implied permissions or any of the channel permission overwrites. For 100% accurate permission calculation, please use either permissions in () or Channel.permissions for ().

This does take into consideration server ownership and the administrator implication.

4.8.10 VoiceState

class discord.VoiceState

Represents a Discord user's voice state.

deaf

bool – Indicates if the user is currently deafened by the server.

mute

bool - Indicates if the user is currently muted by the server.

self mute

bool – Indicates if the user is currently muted by their own accord.

self_deaf

bool – Indicates if the user is currently deafened by their own accord.

is afk

bool – Indicates if the user is currently in the AFK channel in the server.

voice channel

Optional[Union[Channel, PrivateChannel]] – The voice channel that the user is currently connected to. None if the user is not currently in a voice channel.

4.8.11 Colour

class discord.Colour(value)

Represents a Discord role colour. This class is similar to an (red, green, blue) tuple.

There is an alias for this called Color.

Supported operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two colours are equal.
x != y	Checks if two colours are not equal.
hash(x)	Return the colour's hash.
str(x)	Returns the hex format for the colour.

value

int – The raw integer colour value.

r

Returns the red component of the colour.

g

Returns the green component of the colour.

b

Returns the blue component of the colour.

to_tuple()

Returns an (r, g, b) tuple representing the colour.

classmethod default()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0.

classmethod teal()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x1abc9c.

classmethod dark_teal()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x11806a.

classmethod green()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x2ecc71.

classmethod dark_green()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x1f8b4c.

classmethod blue()

A factory method that returns a *Colour* with a value of 0x3498db.

classmethod dark blue()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x206694.

classmethod purple()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x9b59b6.

classmethod dark_purple()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x71368a.

classmethod magenta()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0xe91e63.

classmethod dark_magenta()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0xad1457.

classmethod gold()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0xf1c40f.

classmethod dark_gold()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0xc27c0e.

classmethod orange()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0xe67e22.

classmethod dark_orange()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0xa84300.

classmethod red()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0xe74c3c.

classmethod dark red()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x992d22.

classmethod lighter_grey()

A factory method that returns a *Colour* with a value of 0x95a5a6.

classmethod dark_grey()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x607d8b.

classmethod light_grey()

A factory method that returns a Colour with a value of 0x979c9f.

classmethod darker_grey()

A factory method that returns a *Colour* with a value of 0x546e7a.

4.8.12 Game

class discord.Game(**kwargs)

Represents a Discord game.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two games are equal.
x != y	Checks if two games are not equal.
hash(x)	Return the games's hash.
str(x)	Returns the games's name.

name

str – The game's name.

url

str – The game's URL. Usually used for twitch streaming.

type

int – The type of game being played. 1 indicates "Streaming".

4.8.13 Emoji

class discord. Emoji

Represents a custom emoji.

Depending on the way this object was created, some of the attributes can have a value of None.

Supported Operations:

Opera-	Description
tion	
x == y	Checks if two emoji are the same.
x != y	Checks if two emoji are not the same.
hash(x)	Return the emoji's hash.
iter(x)	Returns an iterator of (field, value) pairs. This allows this class to be used as an iterable in
	list/dict/etc. constructions.
str(x)	Returns the emoji rendered for discord.

name

str – The name of the emoji.

id

str – The emoji's ID.

require_colons

bool – If colons are required to use this emoji in the client (:PJSalt: vs PJSalt).

managed

bool – If this emoji is managed by a Twitch integration.

server

Server – The server the emoji belongs to.

roles

List[Role] – A list of Role that is allowed to use this emoji. If roles is empty, the emoji is unrestricted.

created at

Returns the emoji's creation time in UTC.

url

Returns a URL version of the emoji.

4.8.14 Role

class discord.Role

Represents a Discord role in a Server.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two roles are equal.
x != y	Checks if two roles are not equal.
x > y	Checks if a role is higher than another in the hierarchy.
x < y	Checks if a role is lower than another in the hierarchy.
x >= y	Checks if a role is higher or equal to another in the hierarchy.
x <= y	Checks if a role is lower or equal to another in the hierarchy.
hash(x)	Return the role's hash.
str(x)	Returns the role's name.

id

str – The ID for the role.

name

str – The name of the role.

permissions

Permissions - Represents the role's permissions.

server

Server – The server the role belongs to.

colour

Colour – Represents the role colour. An alias exists under color.

hoist

bool – Indicates if the role will be displayed separately from other members.

position

int – The position of the role. This number is usually positive. The bottom role has a position of 0.

managed

bool – Indicates if the role is managed by the server through some form of integrations such as Twitch.

mentionable

bool – Indicates if the role can be mentioned by users.

is everyone

Checks if the role is the @everyone role.

created_at

Returns the role's creation time in UTC.

mention

Returns a string that allows you to mention a role.

4.8.15 Permissions

class discord.Permissions(permissions=0, **kwargs)

Wraps up the Discord permission value.

Supported operations:

Opera-	Description
tion	
x == y	Checks if two permissions are equal.
x != y	Checks if two permissions are not equal.
x <= y	Checks if a permission is a subset of another permission.
x >= y	Checks if a permission is a superset of another permission.
x < y	Checks if a permission is a strict subset of another permission.
x > y	Checks if a permission is a strict superset of another permission.
hash(x)	Return the permission's hash.
iter(x)	Returns an iterator of (perm, value) pairs. This allows this class to be used as an iterable in e.g.
	set/list/dict constructions.

The properties provided are two way. You can set and retrieve individual bits using the properties as if they were regular bools. This allows you to edit permissions.

value

The raw value. This value is a bit array field of a 32-bit integer representing the currently available permissions. You should query permissions via the properties rather than using this raw value.

is subset (other)

Returns True if self has the same or fewer permissions as other.

is_superset (other)

Returns True if self has the same or more permissions as other.

is_strict_subset(other)

Returns True if the permissions on other are a strict subset of those on self.

is_strict_superset (other)

Returns True if the permissions on other are a strict superset of those on self.

classmethod none()

A factory method that creates a *Permissions* with all permissions set to False.

classmethod all()

A factory method that creates a *Permissions* with all permissions set to True.

classmethod all_channel()

A *Permissions* with all channel-specific permissions set to True and the server-specific ones set to False. The server-specific permissions are currently:

- · manager_server
- · kick_members
- ban_members
- · administrator
- · change_nicknames
- manage_nicknames

classmethod general()

A factory method that creates a <code>Permissions</code> with all "General" permissions from the official Discord UI set to True.

classmethod text()

A factory method that creates a *Permissions* with all "Text" permissions from the official Discord UI set to True.

classmethod voice()

A factory method that creates a *Permissions* with all "Voice" permissions from the official Discord UI set to True.

update (**kwargs)

Bulk updates this permission object.

Allows you to set multiple attributes by using keyword arguments. The names must be equivalent to the properties listed. Extraneous key/value pairs will be silently ignored.

Parameters **kwargs - A list of key/value pairs to bulk update permissions with.

create_instant_invite

Returns True if the user can create instant invites.

kick members

Returns True if the user can kick users from the server.

ban members

Returns True if a user can ban users from the server.

administrator

Returns True if a user is an administrator. This role overrides all other permissions.

This also bypasses all channel-specific overrides.

manage_channels

Returns True if a user can edit, delete, or create channels in the server.

This also corresponds to the "manage channel" channel-specific override.

manage_server

Returns True if a user can edit server properties.

add_reactions

Returns True if a user can add reactions to messages.

view_audit_logs

Returns True if a user can view the server's audit log.

read_messages

Returns True if a user can read messages from all or specific text channels.

send messages

Returns True if a user can send messages from all or specific text channels.

send_tts_messages

Returns True if a user can send TTS messages from all or specific text channels.

manage_messages

Returns True if a user can delete messages from a text channel. Note that there are currently no ways to edit other people's messages.

embed links

Returns True if a user's messages will automatically be embedded by Discord.

attach files

Returns True if a user can send files in their messages.

read_message_history

Returns True if a user can read a text channel's previous messages.

mention everyone

Returns True if a user's @everyone will mention everyone in the text channel.

external_emojis

Returns True if a user can use emojis from other servers.

connect

Returns True if a user can connect to a voice channel.

speak

Returns True if a user can speak in a voice channel.

mute members

Returns True if a user can mute other users.

deafen members

Returns True if a user can deafen other users.

move members

Returns True if a user can move users between other voice channels.

use_voice_activation

Returns True if a user can use voice activation in voice channels.

change nickname

Returns True if a user can change their nickname in the server.

manage_nicknames

Returns True if a user can change other user's nickname in the server.

manage_roles

Returns True if a user can create or edit roles less than their role's position.

This also corresponds to the "manage permissions" channel-specific override.

manage_webhooks

Returns True if a user can create, edit, or delete webhooks.

manage_emojis

Returns True if a user can create, edit, or delete emojis.

4.8.16 PermissionOverwrite

class discord.PermissionOverwrite(**kwargs)

A type that is used to represent a channel specific permission.

Unlike a regular *Permissions*, the default value of a permission is equivalent to None and not False. Setting a value to False is **explicitly** denying that permission, while setting a value to True is **explicitly** allowing that permission.

The values supported by this are the same as Permissions with the added possibility of it being set to None.

Supported operations:

Opera-	Description
tion	
iter(x)	Returns an iterator of (perm, value) pairs. This allows this class to be used as an iterable in e.g.
	set/list/dict constructions.

Parameters **kwargs – Set the value of permissions by their name.

pair()

Returns the (allow, deny) pair from this overwrite.

The value of these pairs is Permissions.

classmethod from_pair(allow, deny)

Creates an overwrite from an allow/deny pair of Permissions.

is_empty()

Checks if the permission overwrite is currently empty.

An empty permission overwrite is one that has no overwrites set to True or False.

update (**kwargs)

Bulk updates this permission overwrite object.

Allows you to set multiple attributes by using keyword arguments. The names must be equivalent to the properties listed. Extraneous key/value pairs will be silently ignored.

Parameters **kwargs - A list of key/value pairs to bulk update with.

4.8.17 Channel

class discord. Channel

Represents a Discord server channel.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two channels are equal.
x != y	Checks if two channels are not equal.
hash(x)	Returns the channel's hash.
str(x)	Returns the channel's name.

name

str – The channel name.

server

Server – The server the channel belongs to.

id

str – The channel ID.

topic

Optional[str] – The channel's topic. None if it doesn't exist.

is_private

bool – True if the channel is a private channel (i.e. PM). False in this case.

position

int – The position in the channel list. This is a number that starts at 0. e.g. the top channel is position 0. The position varies depending on being a voice channel or a text channel, so a 0 position voice channel is on top of the voice channel list.

type

Channel Type – The channel type. There is a chance that the type will be str if the channel type is not within the ones recognised by the enumerator.

bitrate

int – The channel's preferred audio bitrate in bits per second.

voice members

A list of Members that are currently inside this voice channel. If type is not Channel Type. voice then this is always an empty array.

user limit

int – The channel's limit for number of members that can be in a voice channel.

changed_roles

Returns a list of Roles that have been overridden from their default values in the Server.roles attribute.

is_default

bool – Indicates if this is the default channel for the Server it belongs to.

mention

str – The string that allows you to mention the channel.

created at

Returns the channel's creation time in UTC.

$overwrites_for(obj)$

Returns the channel-specific overwrites for a member or a role.

Parameters obj - The Role or Member or Object denoting whose overwrite to get.

Returns The permission overwrites for this object.

Return type PermissionOverwrite

overwrites

Returns all of the channel's overwrites.

This is returned as a list of two-element tuples containing the target, which can be either a Role or a Member and the overwrite as the second element as a PermissionOverwrite.

Returns The channel's permission overwrites.

Return type List[Tuple[Union[Role, Member], PermissionOverwrite]]

permissions_for (member)

Handles permission resolution for the current Member.

This function takes into consideration the following cases:

- · Server owner
- · Server roles
- · Channel overrides
- · Member overrides
- Whether the channel is the default channel.

Parameters member (Member) – The member to resolve permissions for.

Returns The resolved permissions for the member.

Return type Permissions

4.8.18 PrivateChannel

class discord.PrivateChannel

Represents a Discord private channel.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two channels are equal.
x != y	Checks if two channels are not equal.
hash(x)	Returns the channel's hash.
str(x)	Returns a string representation of the channel

recipients

list of *User* – The users you are participating with in the private channel.

me

User – The user presenting yourself.

id

str – The private channel ID.

is_private

bool – True if the channel is a private channel (i.e. PM). True in this case.

type

Channel Type – The type of private channel.

owner

Optional[User] – The user that owns the private channel. If the channel type is not Channel Type. group then this is always None.

icon

Optional[str] – The private channel's icon hash. If the channel type is not *ChannelType.group* then this is always None.

name

Optional[str] – The private channel's name. If the channel type is not *ChannelType.group* then this is always None.

user

A property that returns the first recipient of the private channel.

This is mainly for compatibility and ease of use with old style private channels that had a single recipient.

icon_url

Returns the channel's icon URL if available or an empty string otherwise.

created_at

Returns the private channel's creation time in UTC.

permissions_for (user)

Handles permission resolution for a *User*.

This function is there for compatibility with Channel.

Actual private messages do not really have the concept of permissions.

This returns all the Text related permissions set to true except:

- send_tts_messages: You cannot send TTS messages in a PM.
- manage_messages: You cannot delete others messages in a PM.

This also handles permissions for Channel Type. group channels such as kicking or mentioning everyone.

Parameters user (*User*) – The user to check permissions for.

Returns The resolved permissions for the user.

Return type Permissions

4.8.19 Invite

class discord. Invite

Represents a Discord Server or Channel invite.

Depending on the way this object was created, some of the attributes can have a value of None.

Supported Operations:

Operation	Description
x == y	Checks if two invites are equal.
x != y	Checks if two invites are not equal.
hash(x)	Return the invite's hash.
str(x)	Returns the invite's URL.

max_age

int – How long the before the invite expires in seconds. A value of 0 indicates that it doesn't expire.

code

str – The URL fragment used for the invite. xkcd is also a possible fragment.

server

Server – The server the invite is for.

revoked

bool – Indicates if the invite has been revoked.

created_at

datetime.datetime – A datetime object denoting the time the invite was created.

temporary

bool – Indicates that the invite grants temporary membership. If True, members who joined via this invite will be kicked upon disconnect.

uses

int – How many times the invite has been used.

max_uses

int – How many times the invite can be used.

xkcd

str – The URL fragment used for the invite if it is human readable.

inviter

User – The user who created the invite.

channel

 ${\it Channel}$ – The channel the invite is for.

id

Returns the proper code portion of the invite.

url

A property that retrieves the invite URL.

4.9 Exceptions

The following exceptions are thrown by the library.

exception discord.DiscordException

Base exception class for discord.py

Ideally speaking, this could be caught to handle any exceptions thrown from this library.

exception discord.ClientException

Exception that's thrown when an operation in the Client fails.

These are usually for exceptions that happened due to user input.

exception discord.LoginFailure

Exception that's thrown when the Client.login() function fails to log you in from improper credentials or some other misc. failure.

exception discord.HTTPException(response, message)

Exception that's thrown when an HTTP request operation fails.

response

The response of the failed HTTP request. This is an instance of aiohttp.ClientResponse.

text

The text of the error. Could be an empty string.

exception discord.Forbidden(response, message)

Exception that's thrown for when status code 403 occurs.

Subclass of HTTPException

exception discord.NotFound(response, message)

Exception that's thrown for when status code 404 occurs.

Subclass of HTTPException

exception discord. InvalidArgument

Exception that's thrown when an argument to a function is invalid some way (e.g. wrong value or wrong type).

This could be considered the analogous of ValueError and TypeError except derived from ClientException and thus DiscordException.

exception discord.GatewayNotFound

An exception that is usually thrown when the gateway hub for the Client websocket is not found.

exception discord.ConnectionClosed(original)

Exception that's thrown when the gateway connection is closed for reasons that could not be handled internally.

code

int – The close code of the websocket.

reason

str – The reason provided for the closure.

exception discord.opus.OpusError(code)

An exception that is thrown for libopus related errors.

code

int – The error code returned.

exception discord.opus.OpusNotLoaded

An exception that is thrown for when libopus is not loaded.

Frequently Asked Questions

This is a list of Frequently Asked Questions regarding using discord.py and its extension modules. Feel free to suggest a new question or submit one via pull requests.

Questions

- Coroutines
 - I get a SyntaxError around the word async! What should I do?
 - What is a coroutine?
 - Where can I use await?
 - What does "blocking" mean?
- General
 - How do I set the "Playing" status?
 - How do I send a message to a specific channel?
 - I'm passing IDs as integers and things are not working!
 - How do I upload an image?
 - How can I add a reaction to a message?
 - How do I pass a coroutine to the player's "after" function?
 - Why is my "after" function being called right away?
 - How do I run something in the background?
 - How do I get a specific User/Role/Channel/Server?
- Commands Extension
 - Is there any documentation for this?

- Why does on_message make my commands stop working?
- Can I use bot. say in other places aside from commands?
- Why do my arguments require quotes?
- How do I get the original message?
- How do I make a subcommand?

5.1 Coroutines

Questions regarding coroutines and asyncio belong here.

5.1.1 I get a SyntaxError around the word async! What should I do?

This SyntaxError happens because you're using a Python version lower than 3.5. Python 3.4 uses @asyncio.coroutine and yield from instead of async def and await.

Thus you must do the following instead:

```
async def foo():
    await bar()

# into

@asyncio.coroutine
def foo():
    yield from bar()
```

Don't forget to import asyncio on the top of your files.

It is heavily recommended that you update to Python 3.5 or higher as it simplifies asyncio massively.

5.1.2 What is a coroutine?

A coroutine is a function that must be invoked with await or yield from. When Python encounters an await it stops the function's execution at that point and works on other things until it comes back to that point and finishes off its work. This allows for your program to be doing multiple things at the same time without using threads or complicated multiprocessing.

If you forget to await a coroutine then the coroutine will not run. Never forget to await a coroutine.

5.1.3 Where can I use await?

You can only use await inside async def functions and nowhere else.

5.1.4 What does "blocking" mean?

In asynchronous programming a blocking call is essentially all the parts of the function that are not await. Do not despair however, because not all forms of blocking are bad! Using blocking calls is inevitable, but you must work to

make sure that you don't excessively block functions. Remember, if you block for too long then your bot will freeze since it has not stopped the function's execution at that point to do other things.

A common source of blocking for too long is something like time.sleep(n). Don't do that. Use asyncio. sleep(n) instead. Similar to this example:

```
# bad
time.sleep(10)

# good
await asyncio.sleep(10)
```

Another common source of blocking for too long is using HTTP requests with the famous module requests. While requests is an amazing module for non-asynchronous programming, it is not a good choice for asyncio because certain requests can block the event loop too long. Instead, use the aiohttp library which is installed on the side with this library.

Consider the following example:

```
# bad
r = requests.get('http://random.cat/meow')
if r.status_code == 200:
    js = r.json()
    await client.send_message(channel, js['file'])

# good
async with aiohttp.get('http://random.cat/meow') as r:
    if r.status == 200:
        js = await r.json()
        await client.send_message(channel, js['file'])
```

5.2 General

General questions regarding library usage belong here.

5.2.1 How do I set the "Playing" status?

There is a method for this under Client called Client.change_presence(). The relevant aspect of this is its game keyword argument which takes in a Game object. Putting both of these pieces of info together, you get the following:

```
await client.change_presence(game=discord.Game(name='my game'))
```

5.2.2 How do I send a message to a specific channel?

If you have its ID then you can do this in two ways, first is by using Object:

```
await client.send_message(discord.Object(id='12324234183172'), 'hello')
```

The second way is by calling Client.get_channel() directly:

```
await client.send_message(client.get_channel('12324234183172'), 'hello')
```

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5.2.3 I'm passing IDs as integers and things are not working!

In the library IDs must be of type str not of type int. Wrap it in quotes.

5.2.4 How do I upload an image?

There are two ways of doing it. Both of which involve using Client.send_file().

The first is by opening the file and passing it directly:

```
with open('my_image.png', 'rb') as f:
   await client.send_file(channel, f)
```

The second is by passing the file name directly:

```
await client.send_file(channel, 'my_image.png')
```

5.2.5 How can I add a reaction to a message?

You use the Client.add_reaction() method.

If you want to use unicode emoji, you must pass a valid unicode code point in a string. In your code, you can write this in a few different ways:

- ' '
- '\U0001F44D'
- '\N{THUMBS UP SIGN}'

In case you want to use emoji that come from a message, you already get their code points in the content without needing to do anything special. You **cannot** send ':thumbsup:' style shorthands.

For custom emoji, you should pass an instance of <code>discord.Emoji</code>. You can also pass a 'name:id' string, but if you can use said emoji, you should be able to use <code>Client.get_all_emojis()/Server.emojis</code> to find the one you're looking for.

5.2.6 How do I pass a coroutine to the player's "after" function?

A StreamPlayer is just a threading. Thread object that plays music. As a result it does not execute inside a coroutine. This does not mean that it is not possible to call a coroutine in the after parameter. To do so you must pass a callable that wraps up a couple of aspects.

The first gotcha that you must be aware of is that calling a coroutine is not a thread-safe operation. Since we are technically in another thread, we must take caution in calling thread-safe operations so things do not bug out. Luckily for us, asyncio comes with a asyncio.run_coroutine_threadsafe function that allows us to call a coroutine from another thread.

Warning: This function is only part of 3.5.1+ and 3.4.4+. If you are not using these Python versions then use discord.compat.run_coroutine_threadsafe.

However, this function returns a concurrent. Future and to actually call it we have to fetch its result. Putting all of this together we can do the following:

```
def my_after():
    coro = client.send_message(some_channel, 'Song is done!')
    fut = asyncio.run_coroutine_threadsafe(coro, client.loop)
    try:
        fut.result()
    except:
        # an error happened sending the message
        pass

player = await voice.create_ytdl_player(url, after=my_after)
player.start()
```

5.2.7 Why is my "after" function being called right away?

The after keyword argument expects a *function object* to be passed in. Similar to how threading. Thread expects a callable in its target keyword argument. This means that the following are invalid:

```
player = await voice.create_ytdl_player(url, after=self.foo())
other = await voice.create_ytdl_player(url, after=self.bar(10))
```

However the following are correct:

```
player = await voice.create_ytdl_player(url, after=self.foo)
other = await voice.create_ytdl_player(url, after=lambda: self.bar(10))
```

Basically, these functions should not be called.

5.2.8 How do I run something in the background?

Check the background_task.py example.

5.2.9 How do I get a specific User/Role/Channel/Server?

There are multiple ways of doing this. If you have a specific entity's ID then you can use one of the following functions:

```
Client.get_channel()Client.get_server()Server.get_member()Server.get_channel()
```

If the functions above do not help you, then use of utils.find() or utils.get() would serve some use in finding specific entities. The documentation for those functions provide specific examples.

5.3 Commands Extension

Questions regarding discord.ext.commands belong here.

5.3.1 Is there any documentation for this?

Not at the moment. Writing documentation for stuff takes time. A lot of people get by reading the docstrings in the source code. Others get by via asking questions in the Discord server. Others look at the source code of other existing bots.

There is a basic example showcasing some functionality.

Documentation is being worked on, it will just take some time to polish it.

5.3.2 Why does on_message make my commands stop working?

Overriding the default provided on_message forbids any extra commands from running. To fix this, add a bot. process_commands (message) line at the end of your on_message. For example:

```
@bot.event
async def on_message(message):
    # do some extra stuff here

await bot.process_commands(message)
```

5.3.3 Can I use bot . say in other places aside from commands?

No. They only work inside commands due to the way the magic involved works.

5.3.4 Why do my arguments require quotes?

In a simple command defined as:

```
@bot.command()
async def echo(message: str):
   await bot.say(message)
```

Calling it via ?echo a b c will only fetch the first argument and disregard the rest. To fix this you should either call it via ?echo "a b c" or change the signature to have "consume rest" behaviour. Example:

```
@bot.command()
async def echo(*, message: str):
    await bot.say(message)
```

This will allow you to use ?echo a b c without needing the quotes.

5.3.5 How do I get the original message?

Ask the command to pass you the invocation context via pass_context. This context will be passed as the first parameter.

Example:

```
@bot.command(pass_context=True)
async def joined_at(ctx, member: discord.Member = None):
    if member is None:
        member = ctx.message.author
```

```
await bot.say('{0} joined at {0.joined_at}'.format(member))
```

5.3.6 How do I make a subcommand?

Use the group decorator. This will transform the callback into a Group which will allow you to add commands into the group operating as "subcommands". These groups can be arbitrarily nested as well.

Example:

```
@bot.group(pass_context=True)
async def git(ctx):
    if ctx.invoked_subcommand is None:
        await bot.say('Invalid git command passed...')

@git.command()
async def push(remote: str, branch: str):
    await bot.say('Pushing to {} {}'.format(remote, branch))
```

This could then be used as ?git push origin master.

CHAPTER 6

Indices and tables

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